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SUNSET ON THE FARM.

Down behind the western hill the red sun sinks to rest.
All the world is weary, and I am weary, too.
The partridge seeks its covert, and the redbird seeks its nest.
And I am coming from the fields, dear heart, to home and you.
Home, when the daylight is waning;
Home when my toiling is done;
Ah! down by the gate, sweet, watching eyes wait
My coming at setting of sun.

The sheep from off the hillside haste to the shepherd's fold,—
For death lurks in the mountains and darkness comes apace.
The fleeting sun looks backward and turns the sky to gold.
Then folds the mantle of the night across its crimson face.
Home, when the daylight is waning;
Home, when my toiling is done;
Ah! down by the gate, sweet, watching eyes wait
My coming at setting of sun.

Lay aside the hoe and spade, and put the sickle by;
All the world is weary, and I am weary, too.
Gently fades the rosy light from out the western sky,
And I am coming from the fields, dear heart, to home and you.
Home, when the daylight is waning;
Home, when my toiling is done;
Ah! down by the gate, sweet, watching eyes wait
My coming at setting of sun.

—Arthur J. Burdick, in American Agriculturist.

The Other Girl.

When I arrived at the station Lady Mannington, Molly and the French maid had collected their chattels and stood round the immense heap, in attitudes denoting various degrees of impatience. I apologized.

"It is of no consequence," said Lady Mannington, in a tone signifying it was of the greatest. Molly shook her head at me and smiled.

I looked at the two ladies and the French maid, and then I looked at the miniature mountain.

"The brougham is only seated for two," I hinted.

"Celeste can walk," said Lady Mannington.

"I shall be glad of her company," I responded, politely.

Lady Mannington glanced at me doubtfully. "Perhaps she could manage by the coachman," she suggested.

"His wife is most particular," I interposed, quickly.

"I should prefer to walk, mamma," said Molly, with an air of much good nature.

"Perhaps that will be best," Lady Mannington conceded, reluctantly.

"I am sure of it," I indorsed, heartily.

"If only your aunt had sent the omnibus"—Lady Mannington began, aggrievedly.

"It was most careless of her," I admitted instantly. I caught Molly's eye. She has a curious way of smiling at nothing.

So Molly and I started to walk over the crisp snow. Just outside the station I helped her over the stile. "We may as well take the short cut," I observed; "it is not so very much longer, and I have so much to say to you."

"What about?" asked Molly.

I hesitated. "It is about a friend of mine," I replied at length.

"Oh!"

"He is in the deuce of a mess," I began, confidentially. "I want your help."

"What can I do?" asked Molly, opening her eyes.

"You can advise me," I replied, taking courage. "A woman's wit ——"

Molly was pleased. "Go on, Mr. Trevor."

"I fear you will think my friend particularly foolish," I said, sorrowfully.

"Very likely," replied Molly, indifferently.

"I assure you he has many good points; but it happened a girl wanted to marry him."

"What!" exclaimed Molly.

"I can't think what she saw in him," I replied, uncomfortably.

"I hope," said Molly, "you are not going to tell me anything that is not proper."

"Oh, no," I replied, earnestly. "The girl was quite respectable. All the parties are most respectable."

"She could not have been quite nice," said Molly, decisively.

I stopped to test the strength of the ice over a pool.

"I have seen her look quite nice," I remarked, thoughtfully.

"You know her?" asked Molly, quickly.

"Oh, yes. It wasn't really the girl who wanted to marry my friend; it was her mother. I mean the mother wanted the girl to marry my friend. I hope I make myself clear."

"I don't think that improves matters," retorted Molly.

"She has a large family of daughters," I explained.

"Go on," said Molly, with a severely judicial air.

"My friend was in love with another girl—a really nice girl. In fact, a quite splendid girl. One of the very best," I said, kindling.

"You know that girl, too?" asked Molly, a little coldly.

"Ye-es."

"Well?"

"My friend was staying at a country house and so were both the girl and her mother, and she ——"

"Who?" asked Molly.

"The girl whose mother wanted her to marry him. I do hope I am clear. She got him into a quiet corner and somehow or other my friend found out she had hold of his hand. I—I don't know how it happened. It just occurred."

"How clever of your friend to find it out," said Molly, sarcastically.

I went on hastily—"And then he saw her head coming nearer and nearer his shoulder, and he didn't know what to do."

"I wonder," said Molly, "he did not call for help."

"You see," I went on, "he was afraid she would propose or—or—the mother might come. He guessed the mother was pretty near. Then he thought of the other girl, and he got into a dreadful panic. In fact, he lost his head."

"It could not have been a great loss," observed Molly, disdainfully.

"No-o; but it was the only one he had, and he was accustomed to it. He didn't know what to do. So he said he was already engaged."

"Did he say 'already?'"

"Yes." It was a cold day, but I mopped my brow with my handkerchief.

Molly uttered a peal of silvery laughter. "I am really sorry for that girl, but it served her right."

"The girl didn't turn a hair. She simply straightened herself up and asked to whom he was engaged."

"Well?"

"He blurted out the name of the other girl. He couldn't think of any other name."

"To whom, of course, he is not engaged?"

"No; and I don't suppose she would have him. She is far, far too good for him."

"Is that your whole story?"

"Very nearly. The girl went away and told her mother, who came up gushingly and congratulated him. She is a true sportswoman. Afterward she went about telling everybody of the engagement, and my friend has had to receive congratulations ever since."

"How awkward!" said Molly, meditatively. "Has the other girl heard of it?"

"Not yet. This all happened yesterday."

"Yesterday?"

I nodded. "And the worst is the other girl is expected to arrive at the Towers almost immediately."

"Dear me," said Molly. "So your friend is at the Towers now?"

"I didn't mean to let it out," I replied, a trifle abashed.

Molly began to laugh. "It is most amusing; but why did you tell me about it?"

"I want your advice."

"Who is the other girl?" asked Molly, curiously.

"Please don't ask for names," I implored.

"But my advice must depend on the other girl's disposition."

"She is everything that is perfect," I replied, fervently.

"No doubt," retorted Molly, satirically.

"You might almost be the other girl yourself," I went on, with careful carelessness.

"Really!" said Molly. "I believe that must be considered a compliment. Thank you very much."

"What," I asked, with elaborate indifference, "would you do if you were the other girl?"

Molly stopped and broke off a sprig of red berries. They were not so red as her lips. "Of course," she said, "I should be very annoyed."

"Ah, of course," said I, forlornly. "At any rate, I should pretend to be very annoyed."

"But really——" I began, delighted.

"Oh, that would depend on the man."

"Supposing, for the sake of illustration," said I surveying the wide expanse of a neighboring field, "I was the man?"

"This is nonsense," said Molly. "We can't make believe to that extent."

"Why can't we?"

"You would never be so foolish."

"But if ——"

"Let us talk about something sensible," said Molly, with decision.

"But my poor friend is depending on me for advice."

She thought. "Of course your friend must get away from the Towers before the other girl arrives."

"You are quite clear he ought to get away?" I asked, mournfully.

"There can be no doubt of that. Just fancy everybody rushing to congratulate the other girl and your friend being present at the time. There might be a dreadful scene."

"I can picture it," said I, repressing a groan.

We had arrived at the entrance to the avenue. I stopped and held out my hand.

"Good by," I said.

"What do you mean?" she exclaimed.

"I—I am going away. I am the man."

I do not think I am mistaken. The color faded slightly from her face.

"And the other girl?" she queried, faintly.

"You are the other girl."

The red replaced the white. She stood quite still, with her eyes bent downward, and then she began to trace figures in the snow with the toe of her tiny boot.

"Good by," I repeated.

She looked up. "Of course, I am very angry," she said. And then she smiled and held out her hand. I took it humbly and forgot to relinquish it.

"Mamma will be getting anxious," she remarked. "We must hurry."

But we did not hurry.—Pick-Me-Up.

Most Northern Hotel in the World.

The most northern hotel in the world is on the inhospitable shores of Advent bay, where it washes the west coast of Spitzbergen. "Tourist Hythen" (Tourist hotel) is the name of the remote establishment. Its season is necessarily short, extending from July 10 to August 18, but it extends a hearty welcome to the few venturesome travelers who have the temerity to seek its shelter. It has accommodations for thirty guests. It is announced that the increase of travel to the gate of the Arctic regions has made the establishment of a postoffice in the hotel a necessary feature. The hotel is in an appropriate latitude of 78 degrees 15 minutes, or five hundred miles further north than Hammerfest. Probably a better idea of the situation may be gained from the statement that the late quarters of the Jackson-Harmsworth expedition in Franz Josef Land were hardly more than one hundred and fifty miles nearer the pole. The building naturally is unpretentious in appearance, being only one and one-half stories high, with a diminutive porch at the front. As a matter of course, it is built of wood.

Although Spanish women are supposed to be smokers, one never sees a woman smoking in public, except in the gypsy quarters.

LUCK IN DISGUISE.

Ill-Guarded Speech Led on to the Operator's Fortune.

It isn't easy to tell when fate means well by a man. Some of her apparently hardest knocks are all for the victim's good.

He was a telegraph operator, and a good one, but he wasn't in favor with the chief. In fact, the chief doesn't possess many friends among the boys. He was disposed to be sharp and quick with them, and telegraph operators are a sensitive lot.

There was a vacant room that hadn't been occupied for a long time and the chief one day took possession of it as a sort of private office. The operator whose story we are telling didn't know about this change, and that very day when he happened to be in the wash room with one of the boys he opened up on the chief in a particularly savage fashion. The washroom was separated by the thinnest kind of partition and every word could be heard distinctly on the other side. The operator dipped his his face over the wash basin and as he sputtered and splashed he blessed the chief in a shockingly left-handed way. The man with him tried to stop the tirade, but he couldn't catch his eye, nor could he get near enough to him in time to shake him. Finally the other man exhausted himself and turned around with a towel in his hands. Then he saw the look of horror on his companion's face. He knew that he was doomed.

As he stepped from the washroom with a jaunty air he met the chief.

"I suppose," said the latter, "you are ready to express your personal opinions in public as well as behind your victim's back?"

The operator never wavered a hair's breadth.

"I am," he said, smilingly; "and I can add a little to what I have already said." And with that he expressed his opinion of the chief in still more vigorous language, took his hat and stalked out.

It was the first time that he had been an idler since he was a boy. He felt a little dazed. Then he resolved on a bold stroke. He would go straight to New York.

That night he was on his way. Within a week he had secured an excellent situation. Today he commands a salary of at least $6000.

"And I owe it all," he said not long ago to a Cleveland friend, "to the fact that I fired myself out of the old operator's room."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

QUAINT AND CURIOUS.

In 1897 Ohio furnished almost 37,000 tons of grindstones.

The common pond frog's natural lifetime is 12 to 15 years.

The coinage of a sovereign (about 85) costs the English mint 3-4d (about 1 1-2 cents).

There are parts of the Ganges valley in India where the population averages 1200 to the square mile.

The fastest flowing river in the world is the Satlej, in British India, with a descent of 12,000 feet in 180 miles.

Iceland's geysers never shoot their water higher than 100 feet, while some of our Yellowstone geysers go more than three times as high.

The only surviving daughter of John Brown, of Harper's Ferry fame, is living in a small town in California, in nearly destitute circumstances. She is a temperance advocate.

France has set up about three hundred monuments to more or less distinguished Frenchmen during the last twenty-five years, and there are now 127 committees collecting money for more.

Wales is the richest part of Great Britain in mineral wealth. England produces annually about $10 to each acre, Scotland a little less than $10, the product of Wales amounts to over $20 per acre.

A fibrous preparation of steel, made in the same manner as the so-called "mineral wool," by passing an air blast through molten steel, is coming into use for cleansing, polishing, etc., instead of sandpaper.

In 1525, the year of the plague, so great was the gloom in England that it has become known as "the still Christmas." "The Christmas of the Great Frost" took place in 1739. The Thames was frozen from bank to bank and barbecues were held upon the ice.

The earliest mention of "liveries" made in history is in the reign of King Pepin of France. This king flourished about the year 750 A. D., and because of his diminutive size he had bestowed upon him the rather disrespectful appellation of "Pepin the Short."

A chewing apparatus for people who have lost their teeth and do not care to wear false ones has just been invented by a Frenchman. The food to be chewed is placed between the blades, which are opened and closed three or four times, and the food is thus reduced to a state of pulp.

Salt Water for Extinguishing Fires.

It is proposed to put in special water-pipes in New York for extinguishing fires, the salt water to be taken from the river front. It is claimed that such pipes would reduce insurance rates so largely as to justify their construction. They might be so arranged as to be used by the fire-extinguishing boats now employed to protect buildings on the water-front from conflagration. The aggregate value of buildings and property between Chambers street and Fourteenth street, New York, is put at $500,000,000. A five per cent. reduction on the insurance rates on such property would be enough to lay many blocks of the proposed water-mains.—Youth's Companion.

The Passing of a Relative.

They were out walking one evening, and he lifted his hat to a fine-looking old gentleman as they passed.

"What a distinguished-looking gentleman," she exclaimed. "Is he a relative of yours?"

"Yes," he replied, and there was a tremor of sadness in his voice as he felt in the pocket where his watch had formerly reposed; yes, he's my uncle."

And the dear girl never knew.—Chicago News.

FINANCIAL SUPREMACY.

FORESHADOWED AS THE RESULT OF THE PROTECTIVE POLICY.

A Transfer of the Monetary and Commercial Mastery of the World to the United States Likely to Be Brought About by Our Marvelous Industrial Development

Some very striking facts are mentioned by the New York correspondent of the Sydney Morning Herald. Within the past month, he writes, the East Indian Railroad has bought 7708 tons of rails from the Maryland Steel Company, because, as stated in the British Parliament, the bid was £8675 lower than asked by the lowest English tenderer. All the electrical locomotives, carriages and machinery for the new underground London railway have been contracted for with an American firm, and a Wilmington car company has received a very large order for cars from the English South Eastern Railway.

The Herald's correspondent is amazed and confounded. Indeed, he well may be. The circumstances give practical contradiction to essential arguments of doctrinaire free traders. They exhibit industries which had to be protected from infanticide on the part of mature British competitors—the wicked uncle of the economic child's story—grown up and attained to such robustness as to be able to contend on more than equal terms for a share in the disputed inheritance of the world's trade.

Intrenched against attacks from without they are able to make vigorous sallies, and carry the war of competition into the enemy's territory. Theoretically, they should be feeble, anemic industries, ready to faint and die the moment they were deprived of "spoon feeding."

Confused by such an utter rout of theory by fact, the correspondent in a helpless sort of way seeks consolation in the thought that the thing can't last. This recourse to prophesy lands him in a worse predicament than that which he hoped to escape. His only ground for arguing that the advantage of the protectionist over the free trade country cannot continue is in effect that the former has reduced the latter to a sort of poverty. "How," asks the bewildered correspondent, "can such transactions possibly continue if the buyers are shut off from paying in the only currency they have to send—other goods?"

During the past four years, he declares, Europe has been almost drained dry of floating American securities. In other words, America has by virtue of the output of her Protected industries paid off her indebtedness to England, and American promissory notes are now in American strong boxes. Nay, more, last year England had to settle up with $80,000,000 in gold. This operation was perceptible in Australia. Much of this gold was shipped from Sydney to 'Frisco, the plain meaning of which was the Australian indebtedness to England had been hypothecated to America. Just as a banker compels an indebted customer to hand over mortgage deeds held by the debtor from third parties, and requires that the interest be payable by the mortgagor direct to the bank.

But, argues the Free-Trader, there must be a limit to this. The United States, by Tariff enactment, practically refuses to permit England to pay her trade liabilities in the only currency she has to send—other goods.

This is begging the question. In trade transactions nations do not require or need yearly settlements of principal. Great Britain has never done so; Venice never did; nor did Genoa. The idea is preposterously at variance with universal practice and convenience.

A nation or a community commercially supreme is content with the tribute of interest. Instead of United States securities being held by the capitalists of England, British securities will be held by the capitalists of the United States. Instead of vast sums in dividends passing from New York to London, the direction of the remittances will be reversed.

The Tariff laws of the United States may be a bar against repayment in British manufactured goods to the extent of annual balance of trade. But some of that balance will be capitalized, and the rest will be paid in such form as suits the creditor. If British manufactures be objectionable, raw material from her colonies and those marts which have hitherto supplied her factories will doubtless be acceptable.

Frankly considered the way out of the difficulty which stuns the Sydney Morning Herald's correspondent is plain enough. But it indicates a transfer of the financial and trading supremacy of the world, the triumph of the Protectionist system over the fallacious theories of Cobden.—Sidney (Australia) Australian Star.

Six Billions Paid to Foreign Vessels.

It is carefully estimated that in the years since our commercial marine was wiped out by the War of the Rebellion this country has paid the sum of $6,000,000,000 in freights for American products carried in English vessels. We are paying at the rate of $300,000,000 a year for freights at present. This money could have been saved to go into the pockets of American merchants and mechanics had Congress encouraged the building of American ships. It is not too late to begin, and the present Congress should enact laws that will open every American shipyard and many new ones. The benefit will not be fully realized by the purchase of foreign ships to be given American register. Presperity to American shipping must begin with the prosperity of American shipbuilders.—Tacoma Ledger.

Germany Still Negotiating.

The Berlin National Zeitung contradicts the newspaper report that negotiations between Germany and the United States with a view to mutual trade concessions had been broken off. The Zeitung states that the negotiations have only just begun and are now going on.

More Help Wanted.

At Trenton, N. J., V. Henry Rothschild & Co. announce an increase of 8½ per cent. in their shirt factory, and are also advertising for more help. The increase went into effect January 12.

WAGES HAVE GONE UP.

A Gradual Advance in Nearly All Lines Has Taken Place.

As the result of the new Dingley Protective Tariff, there has been a gradual and pretty general advance in wages to the workingmen of the country, both by the enhancement of the rate of wages and by the increased steadiness of employment. Some few industries, owing to peculiar circumstances, have failed to fare thus favorably, but the tendency has been upward, in wages, speaking generally.

Findlay has just fairly begun to profit by the reawakening under the new tariff, but improvement is coming to her industries now in unmistakable measure. The employes at the Bell pottery have just been accorded an increase in wages amounting to 12½ per cent., as the direct result of the Dingley law. This is a restoration of McKinley wages, reduced under the operation of the Wilson law.

On Saturday the Globe Window Glass plant will begin blowing glass with an increased force and a wage advance of from twelve to twenty per cent. This likewise is directly traceable to the new protective tariff, and is a restoration of wages lost under the low tariff policy of Grover Cleveland.

These two advances of wages affect something like three hundred operatives and amount to a handsome sum to Findlay each week. They constitute a strong argument for protection, not only among the men directly concerned, but among the infinitely larger number indirectly concerned.

The Republican party is gradually vindicating all its pledges to the country and the people. Nobody need go away from Findlay to find that out.—Findlay (Ohio) Republican.

APPETITE VS. THEORY.

The World Wants Our Food Products, Tariff or No Tariff.

There is a downright cruelty displayed toward time-honored and battle-scarred free trade theories in the export statistics for the month of December. One of the stock arguments in behalf of the Wilson law was the contention that by encouraging imports it stimulated exports of domestic produce, and one of the chief charges against the Dingley law was the assertion that it would destroy our export trade.

Now come the hard and fast facts in the shape of Treasury statistics, and simply annihilate the ancient argument that a protective tariff is death to the foreign trade, more particularly the export trade. The figures for December show a total export of provisions, including cattle and hogs, amounting in value to $17,045,724, against $14,121,108 for December of 1896. The same big increase in all exports of foodstuffs was visible, as follows:

	1896.	1897.
Corn	$4,717,538	$6,067,505
Corn meal	84,282	191,841
Oats	982,182	2,016,680
Rye	228,236	734,897
Wheat	7,709,944	11,965,134
Flour	6,667,685	8,071,123
Cattle	2,756,104	3,572,050
Hogs	1,979	4,642
Bacon	3,121,177	4,249,592
Pork	285,055	450,721
Lard	2,229,094	3,900,492

There is neither sentiment, politics nor theory in an appetite. What the world wants to eat it will buy of us, provided that the food we have to sell is satisfactory as to price and quality. Hungry people don't stop to inquire about tariff schedules. They ought to consider the feelings of free traders and refuse to patronize us, but they don't. They keep right on buying.

Fruits of Protection.

A case of sour grapes.

Result of Home Competition.

It will, of course, be in order for free trade journals to point out the New England wage reduction as proving the fallacy of protective tariffs. They will not take the trouble to ascertain, or will willfully avoid referring to, the real cause of the trouble. This cut in wages is not a result of tariffs—it is one of home competition, and while we can sympathize with the New England wage earners, we must congratulate the south on its successful entry into the manufacturing arena. —American Manufacturer.

Eloquent Silence.

There is something really loud and impressive in the silence observed in the free trade press concerning the excellent showing of the Dingley tariff for the month of December, 1897. The things which are not said on this subject are quite noticeable.

DAUGHTERS TAKEN FOR DEBT.

Two Creditors Cancel Their Claims and Get Brides Instead.

Joseph Volk left his family in Poland and came to this country about a year ago settling on Kelley's Island, Ohio. Not long afterward came the news that his wife was dead. He had two grown daughters left over there, but not enough money to bring them here. He borrowed $50 each from Peter Mille and Joseph Hidock to pay their passage to America.

Two weeks ago they arrived, but when the men wanted their money Volk could not pay it. Finally he proposed to let them have his daughters as wives in lieu of the debt.

Mary is sixteen years old, while Annie is only fourteen. Both are handsome lassies. The men accepted the offer, and a Cleveland priest was rowed across the river from Marblehead, and the day was celebrated by a double wedding in true Polish fashion.

The girls are satisfied, so is the father and so are the two men, with their bargains.

SENATOR GORMAN'S SUCCESSOR.

LOUIS E. McCOMAS.
(Republican, elected to the United States Senate by the Maryland Legislature.)

SENATE IS FOR SILVER.

Teller's Concurrent Resolution Passed, 47 to 32.

THE LINES ARE DRAWN FOR 1900.

Twelve Republicans Voted For the Measure, and One Democrat, Caffery, of Louisiana, Voted Against It—Provides That Bonds Are Payable in Gold or Silver at the Option of the Government.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—By a vote of 47 yeas to 32 nays, or a majority of 15, the United States Senate has passed the Teller resolution declaring that the bonds of the United States are payable in standard silver dollars, and that such payment is not in violation of the public faith or in derogation of the public credit.

HENRY M. TELLER, OF COLORADO.
(Author of the silver resolution passed by the United States Senate.)

In the debate leading up to the final vote, no less than twenty-five Senators took part. That the debate was interesting was attested by the attendance in the galleries, which were crowded throughout the day, and that it was important was evidenced by the statements of several of the speakers that the discussion was but the preliminary alignment of the great political parties for the contest of 1900.

From 10 o'clock a. m. until 7 p. m. the contest was continued. When the voting began, it was evident that party lines were being broken on both sides of the chamber, but it was on the substitute offered by Mr. Lodge of Massachusetts that the most decided break occurred. On the Republican side, Mr. Allison of Iowa and Mr. Burrows, of Michigan, did not answer to their names on that roll call, and many of the Republicans voted directly against the amendment. Upon the final passage of the resolution, some Republicans who supported McKinley and the St. Louis platform in 1896, like Carter, of Montana; Chandler, of New Hampshire; Clark, of Wyoming; Pritchard, of North Carolina; Shoup, of Idaho; Warren, of Wyoming, and Wolcott, of Colorado, voted for the resolution.

Of the forty-seven Senators who made up the affirmative column, twenty-nine were Democrats, seven were Populists, three were Silver Republicans, seven were Republicans who have hitherto been aligned with the Administration, and one was an Independent, Mr. Kyle, of South Dakota. The negative vote was composed exclusively of Republicans, with one exception, Mr. Caffery, of Louisiana. Of all the Gold Democrats, including Mr. Gray and Mr. Lindsay, Mr. Caffery was the only one to remain faithful to the anti-silver cause unto the end. Mr. Murphy, Mr. Smith and Mr. Gorman ranged themselves with the majority of their party and voted consistently on that side from the beginning of the vote until the end.

Married to an Indian.

Mrs. Minnie Cushman, a white woman, teacher in the Fort Shaw schools in Montana, has been married to Garrott White, a full-blooded Pieger Indian. The bride is a daughter of C. C. Bateman, Chaplain at Fort Belknap, and formerly of Fort Assinaboine. She is a handsome brunette, twenty-six years old.

Imitating Dr. Parkhurst.

Seventy-four ministers have organized to suppress disorderly houses in Philadelphia and have obtained evidence by visiting places to which they were directed by the District Attorney and hackmen.

Cycling Notes.

It costs $6700 a year to run the L. A. W. headquarters in New York City.

Wheelmen generally are watching the chainless wheel question closely.

The bicycle, it is expected, will play a prominent part at the Paris Exposition of 1900.

Four years ago bicycles weighing thirty-five pounds were considered to be light enough.

One of the magistrates in New York has decided that a bicycle is a necessity, not a luxury.

The man who makes guesses places the number of cyclists in the United States at 2,000,000.

MANUFACTURERS DINE.

National Association Entertains President McKinley at Its Annual Banquet.

The third annual banquet of the National Association of Manufacturers was given Thursday night at the Waldorf-Astoria, New York City, with President McKinley as the guest of honor. It was the largest public dinner ever given in New York, and the resources of the hotel were taxed to the utmost to accommodate the members and guests on one floor. Nearly 1000 were served in the large ballroom and its adjoining rooms and in the Astoria annex.

The banquet hall was decorated with flowers and the National colors, and a life-sized portrait of President McKinley hung on the wall behind the speakers' table. Many women listened to the speechmaking from the boxes.

The table ornamentation consisted of cut flowers in glorious profusion. At either end of the President's table were immense set pieces of tulips, and on the centre was a basket of purple and white orchids. Each of the other tables—there were sixty-four in all—had one set piece of some particular flower on the centre, and great vases of the same flower extending its entire length. With the sorbet were served miniature cotton looms of polished wood, the wool showing little bands of cotton with the words "National Association of Manufacturers" woven into them.

The souvenir menu card was an elaborate affair. It consisted of engravings illustrative of New York. The menu card especially prepared for the President bore on the front cover the word "President," and the monogram of the association, and the date in solid gold. It was inclosed in a polished bird's-eye maple case lined with white satin.

The President was cordially greeted when he entered, and again when, introduced by the Chairman, he arose to speak. His address aroused even more enthusiasm. When he spoke of currency reform and quoted the words that it was the duty of the National Government "to coin money and declare the value thereof," and asserted that Congress should make every effort to put the currency of the country on a sound and stable basis, whether the effort succeeded or not, he carried his audience with him. They cheered for some moments, and during the remainder of his speech, which referred almost entirely to the necessity for stable currency and a redemption of the pledges contained in the St. Louis platform, his every sentence was punctuated with applause.

Other speakers were ex-Senator Warner Miller, Theodore C. Search, President of the association; Senator Frye, Charles Emory Smith and ex-Judge Henry E. Howland.

GENERAL ARANGURAN KILLED.

Cuban Brigadier Who Executed Colonel Ruiz Killed by Spaniards.

At noon Thursday Lieutenant-Colonel Benedicte, with the Spanish Reina battalion, surprised, near Tapaste, Cuba, the camp of the insurgent Brigadier-General Nestor Aranguran, killing Aranguran and four privates, capturing five of the insurgents, and wounding others, who made their escape.

The body of General Aranguran was taken by train to Havana and delivered to the military authorities. After identification it was sent to the morgue.

Brigadier Aranguran was about thirty-four years of age, of fair complexion, with blonde hair and a small mustache. The body, which shows two bullet wounds, one in the head and one in the right leg, is dressed in cashmere trousers, a gray woolen coat, yellow shoes, and gaiters comparatively new. It is said that the gaiters and the vest once belonged to Lieutenant-Colonel Joaquin Ruiz, the aide-de-camp of Captain-General Blanco who, having gone last December to Aranguran's camp with terms of surrender, was executed by Aranguran or with his approval.

According to the Spanish authorities, Aranguran was surprised while on a visit to a young woman on the Pita farm, between Campo Florida and Tapaste. He was wounded and, on trying to escape, was shot dead. Among the prisoners is the father of the young woman. He was the dynamiter of Aranguran's band.

To Improve Swamp Lands.

A Chicago company is about to drain and improve the swamp lands of Wisconsin

First Indictment For Flirting.

The Knox County Grand Jury has indicted the first victim of the "Johnny law," enacted by the Tennessee Legislature last year, making it a misdemeanor to flirt with schoolgirls. The case, if tried, will probably go to the Supreme Court to test the constitutionality of a law which infringes an inherent right to flirt with a girl.

Chicago Men Buy a Big Ranch.

A Chicago syndicate with $1,000,000 capital has negotiated for the purchase of the Lopez ranch, said to be the largest in the State of Tamulipas, Mexico.

Labor World.

America has 302 tinplate mills.

The Druggists' League throughout the country is making demand for shorter hours for drug clerks.

It is said that nearly twenty-one thousand persons are employed in cycle factories in Great Britain.

Extensive plans have been formed for the development of the mining industry in Eastern Oregon and Idaho.

The first week of the New England cotton mill strike ended with both sides firm in maintaining their contentions.

The large majority of New England laborers are now French Canadians and foreigners of different nationalities.

DENVER BARBECUE STAMPEDED.

Crowd Breaks Down Tables and Feasts on Six Tons of Meats.

A great barbecue closed the National Stock Growers' Convention at Denver, Col., after three days of harmonious and important deliberations. The organization of the Live Stock Association of the United States of America was completed by the selection of an Executive Committee.

The closing number on the programme was the last barbecue to be given in America where buffalo is to appear on the menu. It was held at the Union Stock Yards, and the Burlington Railway and the street car companies carried from 25,000 to 50,000 people to the grounds. The six tons of meats served were hardly enough to satisfy all, and before the crowds could be served the tables against which they were surging gave way, and, brushing aside police and military guards the crowds overran the grounds, helping themselves to what was in sight. Governor Adams and Mayor McMurray were present, but their expostulations were unheeded. The crowd was good-natured, and no one was hurt in the stampede, but there being no possibility of restoring order, the management declared the barbecue over.

LYNCHED A COLORED WOMAN.

She Was Stripped by a Posse and Then Shot to Death.

John and Harvey Pearson, colored, were captured by George Beard, a planter of considerable wealth and political influence of Vidalia, La., for an attempted assault and locked in an outbuilding. He left them under the guard of young Beard while he went for the parish officer. During his absence the prisoners opened fire through a window on young Beard, wounding him. He returned the fire, killing them both, but was clubbed into unconsciousness by Mary Pearson, mother of the men.

Mary Pearson was followed into the woods with hounds. She was captured by a posse and shot down. Mary Pearson was regarded as the leader of the colored faction. She had instigated the first trouble. Her death was terrible. Her body was stripped of its raiment, and running nude through the dark swamp she was torn to shreds with buckshot. Her head was nearly shot off. The trunk was also mutilated with knife cuts.

PRIVATE JONES A HERO.

Seven Lives Saved at the California Jubilee Celebration.

Battery I of the Regular Army has a hero in Private John M. Jones, a native of Rogersville, Tenn. On California's late Jubilee Day, at San Francisco, he saved seven men from instant death at the Lime Point Fort. A squad of seven was firing a salute, fifty pounds of powder inclosed in a wooden bag being the charge.

One load did not go off, the charge and the officer ordered it pulled out of the cannon. This was done, and as the bag dropped to the ground it was seen that one corner of it was ignited. In an instant the powder would have caught.

With one bound Private Jones was beside the smouldering bag, and with his bare hands he rolled and smothered the burning wool before it could ignite the powder, and to make sure he plastered some damp earth into the singed edges.

MINERS' WAR IS SETTLED.

An Advance of Ten Cents in Wages and an Eight Hour Day.

The joint convention at Chicago of coal operators and miners adjourned sine die, having perfected and ratified an agreement which will prevent a general strike for more than a year. The miners say and the operators concede that the settlement reached involved a great victory for organized labor in this country. Three hundred thousand men will get an advance in wages equivalent to ten cents a ton, making an increase of about $7,000,000 a year in the earning capacity of the miners in Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, Pennsylvania and West Virginia. A far greater matter of importance is the concession of the eight-hour work day, with a uniform wage for day work throughout the States represented.

Bridegroom 83, Bride 62.

The Rev. Lowell Harding and Mrs. Angie Watrous, former matron of the Old Ladies Home, was married at Binghamton, N. Y., by the Rev. J. H. Race. Mr. Harding is eighty-three years of age and Mrs. Watrous is sixty-two. Mr. Harding's children were opposed to the match, but he overcame this by deeding his property, valued at $100,000, in trust to them, retaining only about $10,000, which he gave to the bride

Shot by His Own Deathtrap.

Former Judge Wilhite Carpenter, of Shepherdsville, Ky., set a gunfrap for thieves in a country store which he owns and was mortally wounded by the device. He walked into the store, forgetting all about the trap. His right leg was blown off at the knee. He was eighty-one years old.

Engineers Give Up the Fight.

A majority of the engineers in England who have been on strike for six months have voted in favor of accepting the terms of the employers. The exact figures have not yet been divulged, but the proportion is said to be about 25,000 in favor of acceptance to 11,000 against it.

Progress of the Wheat Deal.

The price of cash wheat advanced five cents to $1.10 in Chicago under the influence of the Leiter party. Heavy sales were made for export. The Leiter syndicate claims to control all the surplus wheat in the country, which it estimates at 15,000,000 bushels.

Confessed to Save His Cousin.

Alexander Ciaramello, the self-confessed murderer of Natalio Brogno, told the story in New York City of how he committed the crime. He did not implicate his cousin, Angelo Carbone, who is now under sentence of death in Sing Sing prison's death house for the murder.

Big Storm on the Black Sea.

A violent storm prevailed on the Black Sea. Hundreds of villages along the coast were wrecked. Shipping at Odessa suffered severely, the damage being placed at more than 100,000 roubles. There were many shipwrecks at different places along the shore.

A Kansas County's Fine Record.

Finney County, in Kansas, started in the new year with a record that it is doubtful if any other county of 5000 inhabitants in the United States can equal. The county poorhouse was the abode only of bats and owls, the county jail was tenantless and there had been but one new suit in the courts during the preceding month.

Free Medical Treatment in New York.

In its annual report the State Board of Charities declares that one-half of the residents of New York City receive free medical treatment.

Prominent People.

The Pope can speak English, German, Italian and French perfectly.

Senator Deboe, of Kentucky, strange as it may seem, has an antipathy for horse-racing.

Governor Black and Controller Roberts, of New York State, were both born in York County, Maine.

Richard Croker will return to England in April and run his horses at the first Newmarket meeting.

The late Benjamin Butterworth was the most popular man in Washington and is universally lamented.

A biography of the Prince of Wales, written by Mary Belloc, an English journalist, has been brought out in London.

CASTORIA

THE KIND YOU HAVE ALWAYS BOUGHT

Has the fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. on every wrapper.

Pure Water and New Boilers.

The corrosive power of pure water on new or unscaled boilers was well illustrated in the city of Glasgow when a new water supply was introduced from Loch Katrine, one of the purest waters in the world which are available for city consumption. The former supply had been poor and calcareous, and old boilers were much coated with lime scale. To the dismay of the users those who had put in new boilers or new tubes found them rapidly corroding, while the old scaled and coated boilers remained as before. Those, too, who had removed every possible trace of old incrustation from their old boilers by mechanical or chemical means, intending thus to get, as they expected, the full benefit of pure water, were also badly troubled by corrosion, and even the old boilers as the scale was gradually removed by the unvaryingly soft and pure water from the lake were more or less corroded when no means were taken to prevent it.

Save The Children.

When children are attacked with cough, cold and croup, Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup will prove a quick and sure cure. Mr. Elmer E. Baker, Blandon, Pa., writes: "We have used Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup for cough, cold and croup, and found it the best cough medicine and cure for these affections. We never run out of it, but always keep it on hand." Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup is sold everywhere for 25 cents. Insist on having it.

Norfolk and Souten R. R.

Schedule in effect April 27, 1897.

Norfolk & Southern R. R. Mail and Express trains, Southbound, daily (except Sundays), leave Elizabeth City, at 11:40, A. M., and 6:00, P. M., Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Northbound, daily, except Sundays, leave Elizabeth City at 2:45 P. M., and Tuesdays hursdays and Saturdays at 9:20, A. M.

The trains arrive at and depart from the Norfolk & Western depot, Norfolk, connect at Norfolk with all Rail and Steamer lines, and at Edenton with Steamer for Roanoke, Cashie Chowan and Scuppernong rivers; transfer Steamer to Mackey's Ferry, thence by Norfolk & Southern R. R. to Pantego and Belhaven connecting with steamer Virginia Dare for Makeleyville, Aurora, Washington and all intermediate landings.

EASTERN CAROLINA DISPATCH AND OLD DOMINION LINE.

The steamer Neuse leaves Elizabeth City Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6:00 P. M., for Newbern, connecting with the A. & N. C. R. R. for Goldsboro, Kinston and Morehead City, and with the W. N. & N. R. R. for Jacksonville, Wilmington, N. C., etc., touching at Roanoke Island Tuesday and Saturdays. Returning, leave Newbern Monday, Wednesday and Friday, touching at Roanoke Island Tuesdays.

The Steamer Newbern leaves Elizabeth City Mondays at noon and Wednesday at 6:00 P. M., for Roanoke Island, Ocracoke Landing, Oriental and Newbern.

Tickets on sale at Elizabeth City Station to Roanoke Island, Ocracoke, Newbern, Oriental, Kinston, Goldsboro, Morehead City and Wilmington.

Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through cars and as low rates and quicker time than by any other route.

Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Dispatch as follows: From Norfolk by Norfolk & Southern Railroad; Baltimore, by P. W. & B. R. R., President Street Station; Philadelphia, Pennsylvania R. R., Dock Street Station, New York, by Pennsylvania R. R., Pier 27 North River, and Old Dominion Line.

For further information apply to M. H Snowden, Agent, Elizabeth City, or to the General Office of the Norfolk & Southern R. R. Company, Norfolk, Va.

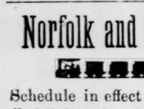
M. K. KING, Gen'l Man'r. H. C. HUDGINS, Gen'l Ft & Pass'r Ag

GEORGE W. BELL,
Gun-Smith,

At the Old Stand on Road Street,

ELIZ. CITY, NORTH CAROLINA

FRED DAVIS
DEALER IN



COAL.

Coal of all sizes and of best quality constantly on hand. All orders promptly are filled.

☞All coal is screened before leaving the yard: Lowest prices guaranteed.

F. H. ZIEGLER & BRO.

Successors to John H Ziegler,

Dealers in all Kinds of

Undertakers' Supplies,

From the Cheapest to the Best. All telegrams promptly attended to.

CRAPES AND COOLING BOARDS,

when desired. The finest Hearse in the section. Rosewood, Walnut, Cloth covered and Metalic Caskets a specialty At the old stand on Ehringhaus Street. ☞All kinds of Cabinet Work done.

T. P. WHITE,

BOOT & SHOEMAKER

2 nd door North of Poindexter Street Bridge.

☞Patching and mending RubberBoots a specialty.

GROVES

TASTELESS

CHILL TONIC

IS JUST AS GOOD FOR ADULTS.

WARRANTED. PRICE 50 cts.

GALATIA, ILLS., Nov. 16, 1893.

Paris Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.

Gentlemen:—We sold last year, 499 bottles of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC and have bought three gross already this year. In all our experience of 14 years, in the drug business, have never sold an article that gave such universal satisfaction as your Tonic. Yours truly,

[illegible] & Co.

The North Carolinian

Published Every Wednesday

THE OFFICIAL ORGAN OF BOTH THE CITY AND THE COUNTY.

For terms and advertising rates see first page.

Communications relative to and of interest in the Albemarle District solicited from all quarters.

THE PRESIDENT'S ATTITUDE ON THE CUBAN QUESTION.

The action of the Administration in sending the battleship Maine to Havana has added to the public confidence already so clearly expressed in favor of President McKinley's attitude on the Cuban question. The course ever since he came to the White House has been one which the public has commended, beginning with steps which resulted in the release of all American prisoners in Spanish prisons in Cuba, following with demands upon the Spanish government for a cessation of the cruelties in Cuba, resulting in the proposals for autonomy, now being tested. Should that prove unsuccessful there is good reason to believe that further action, equally satisfactory to the people of the United States, will be taken by the President and his Cabinet. And this fact is leading a large majority of the people of the United States, irrespective of party, to a public and vigorous condemnation of the course of the Democratic members of the House of Representatives who have recently insisted upon an attempt to force upon the President a line of policy different from that which he has so successful pursued up to this time.

IS SURPRISING ALL.

The revenue in January has surprised the Republicans and is silencing the Democrats. The Republicans looked for an increase over the Democratic figures, but the gain over the same number of days in that month is much greater than they expected. A few Democratic papers at the beginning of the operation of the present tariff had tables of comparison daily between the revenue under it and that yielded by the Wilson law a year earlier, but eventually the deadly parallel began to tell a different story which extolled the Republicans and condemned the Democrats, and then the figures were dropped. It is probable that the Dingley act will more than fulfill the promises which its framers made on its account.

UTTERLY IMPRACTICABLE.

What insufferable nonsense it is for Spain to undertake the negotiation of a new treaty with the United States at this time! The conditions are such as to render the scheme utterly impracticable. Spain is in no position to assume new treaty obligations, and will not be until her status in Cuba and in the Philippine Islands is definitely established. When she has restored peace she may be in condition to talk trade and commerce, but not before.

RESTING LAND.

Half a century ago farmers would "rest" their land by omitting a crop one year in three or four. In the mean time nature would force growth of weeds or plants that were adapted to the conditions of the soil. The The best way to rest the soil is to rotate the crops, so that the soil will not be deprived of certain plant foods while leaving an excess of other kinds.

There is just about as much relationship between the Dingley bill and the reduction of wages in the New England Cotton Mills as there is between the sunspots and an outbreak of measles in a country school. The Tariff has nothing more to do with the situation than the east wind has with the price of corned beef.

United States Judge Simonton has rendered a decision that under an act of Congress, the Bell Telephone Company can put up its poles along any of the Post Roads of the United States. Streets of cities are considered as Post Roads.

The Boston Advertiser says the result of the new Tariff is that the Woolen Mills are crowded with business, paying good wages, while wool growing has been made a profitable industry in the United States.

An eminent oculist has discovered that there is twice as much blindness among men the world over than women. But he overlooks the fact that a woman has to see twice as much as a man.

Russia recently asked proposals for the building of a number of light locomotives. The competition between German and American firms was lively, but the contract came to this country.

Mr. Cleveland caused the American flag to be pulled down in Hawaii, and comes out of retirement to say that he would do it again.

The January receipts of the Government for Customs were over $200,000 more than January 1897.

THE VISIT OF THE LUMBER DEALERS.

In our brief notice last week of the excursion of the "Union Association of Lumber Dealers" who visited our City and Edenton on the 31st ult we had neither time nor space to name a number of the party to whom we were introduced by the courteous Secretary, L. R. Hawes. As we had pleasant chats and were so favorably impressed that we solicited their cards for the purpose of "putting their names and address in the pap er,', and here they are: Wm. Conrad, Clarks, O.; Eli Dowler, Braddock,; T. J Campbell, Bloomdale, O.; P. P. Welty, Pandora, O.; James C. Henry, Greensburg, Pa; J. S. Peck, Cardington, O.; Joseph Murphy, Covington, O.; H. W. Enck, Canal Dover, O.; H. C. Gearing, Pittsburg, Pa.; D. H. Henry, Athens, O.; D. G Struble, Greensburg, Pa.; Fred'k S. Oakes, Huron, O.; T. W. Dobbins, Lima, O.; W. D. Packard, Warren O.; F. L. Holmes, Smethporth, Pa, J. W. Meck, Columbus, O.; W. O Hughes, Hicksville, O.; J. H. Doppes, Cincinnati, O.; J. Munson, Connellsville, Pa.; E. J. Rosendale, Bloomdale, O.; Theo. B. Steinemann, Minster, O.; Cha's D. Massie, Wellston, O.; W. D. Waltham, Greensburg, Pa, Geo. H. Worch, Sidney, Ohio., James Hunter, Pittsburg, Pa.; E. L. Miller, Cincinnati, O.; O. F. L. Beckette, Ashland, Ky.; Earl Gleason, Van Wert, O., and L. S. Satler, Pittsburg, Pa. There were over 70 others in the party but we failed to get their cards.

That the party was a jovial and merry one goes without saying. This was their 15th annual excursion, and they were evidently enjoying it They travel, eat and sleep in Pulman cars, stopping at various points in the South. They only tarried at Elizabeth City to visit the Lumber Mills, and passed on to Edenton where severa hours were spent. They started from Columbus, O., on January 26th and will return tomorrow.

These visits of live business men from the North—men with capital and enterprise—cannot fail to result beneficially. Here are opportunities and possibilities, nowhere surpassed, awaiting development and utilization.

NOT TO BE FORGOTTEN.

It is not to be forgotten that the present good showing of Government receipts, activity in private business, enlarged employment and better wages, are a year in advance because of President McKinley's calling of the Fifty-fifth Congress into extraordinary session. The settlement of the Tariff then removed it from consideration now.

Had not the special session been called the period of waiting would have been prolonged till the present time in every business which must know the Tariff rates before it ventures beyond present needs of the market.

One of the greatest services the McKinley Administration and Republican Congress were and will be able to render the country was their prompt attention to tht revenues and restoration of the Protective policy.

It is three years since the present war in Cuba began. Those years have been years of increasing humiliation for Spain, heroic sacrifice for Cubans and enormous commercial loss to the United States.

The Rev. Sam Jones makes $30,000 a year. He makes evangelical work pay.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought. is on every wrapper.

To the Public.

Disgusted at the financial manogement of the Normal and Industrial Institute, the chairman of the Executive Committee, Rev. P. R. Anderson, and the Principal both have resigned. I took charge of said school in November, 1896. I was associated by four ladies. Our enrollment last session was over 200 pupils; this one 192. I have reasons to believe that not one dollar out of five conributed for the benefit of the school has been used to that end for the past fifteen months. Drs. J. Newton Perkins and James H. Darlington requested a financial report and the Agent refused to let the report be published. The Agent charged $100 per month from August 21, 1897, to some time in December, 1897, and expenses. During that time he collected $642; his expenses were $405.45; the remainder, $236.55, he took and claims that the board owes him over $200. He is collecting for half now. If the State Treasurer had consulted Hon. G. W. Cobb and Hon. M. N. Sawyer, Treasurers of the School, he would have found that $1500 never passed through their honds after the bill passed before the $500 was drawn. The Secretary, the common henchman for the Agent, is in posession of money belonging to the school. I write this to let the Northern contributors know that the money they donate is not used for the purpose intended. The management is rotten and a fraud from start to finish. If you want to fully understand the working of the school, consult the Treasurer, Hon. M. N. Sawyer.

C. A. WHITEHEAD,
Ex-Principal.

Elizabeth City, Feb. 8, 1897.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought. is on every wrapper.

ITEMS FROM DARE.

[The following from our Manteo correspondent arrived too late for last week's issue.—ED.]

There is a goodly number of Northern sportsmen at the Tranquil House who are successfully waging war on the wild fowl.

Mr. Stephen Beasley, a worthy citzen of Collington, seriously cut his leg several days ago and will probably be "laid up" for some weeks.

On the morning of the 30th ult, while Claude Jones of Manteo and Wilson Harrell of East Lake were coming from Rodanthe to Manteo, they espied an overturned shad boat in the Sound some distance fromt Pea Island L. S. Station, on which were two men waving a cap as signals of distress. On going to the boat they found Robert Gaskins and a young man named Neal from Hatteras, who had capsized in the Sound the evening before and drifted for about fifteen hours. They were rescued and carried to Chickamico Station where they were left in hospitable hands. The men were almost frozen and could not have maintained the unequal struggle for life much longer.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

If you want to quit tobacco using easily and forever, be made well, strong, magnetic, full of new life and vigor, take No-To-Bac the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. Many gain ten pounds in ten days. Over 400,000 cured. Buy No-To-Bac of your druggist, under guarantee to cure, 50c or $1.00. Booklet and sample mailed free. Ad. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, Feb. 4, 1898.

Senator Davis is now absolutely certain that the Hawaiian annexation treaty will be ratified when the vote is taken, although the vote is not likely to be taken for several weeks, if all the Senators who have given notice of their intention to make speeches on the subject be so. A motion to postpone further consideration of the treaty until March 1st was defeated by the Senate this week, thus disposing of the stories of a combination of Senators for the purpose of holding up the treaty in order to compel President McKinley to adopt their ideas of what should be done with the Cuban question, instead of following his present policy. In this connection it may be just as well to say that the Cuban policy of President McKinley is not in any sense personal. It was only adopted after the most careful consideration and many conferences with leading Republicans, and it has the support of every Republican in Congress and the hearty personal endorsement of nine-tenths of them, and is, therefore, not likely to be changed by bnlldozing or, in fact, by anything short of changed conditions in Cuba.

A considerable portion or the time of Attorney General Griggs, who this week took charge of the Department of Justice, has been taken up in receiving callers, some of whom being old friends, but the most of them eminent Republicans who wished to make his aequaintance. A five minute chat is sufficient to convince those who meet him that the new Attorney General is a man of brains and of well-balanced judgement—in short, just the sort of a man who should be chosen for the legal adviser of the President.

The joint reception by President and Mrs. McKinley and President and Mrs. Dole Wednesday night, was one of the most brilliant receptions ever held in ths White House. About two thousand of the most prominent men and women in Washington attended.

It doesn't take long for the public to catch on. When the administration ordered the battleship Maine to Havanna, thero was a period of public excitement, augmented by sensational publications; but this week, when the cruiser Montgomery was ordered to call at several of the smaller Cuban ports in the course of a cruise around the West Indies, there was not a ripple ot excitement, the public made up its mind since the Maine has been peaceably lying in Havana harbor that there is no more significance in ordering a United States vessel to call at Cuban ports than in ordering one to call at any other foreign ports.

President McKinley and the Republicans in Congress are much pleased at the crushing defeat of the Teller resolution by the votes of the Republicans of the House, and they will be even better pleased to have that resolution made the issne of the Congressional campaign. The Republican party stands now, as it has always stood, for the payment of all obligations in 100-cent dollars, and it doesn't believe the time will ever come when a majority of the voters of the country will favor scaling the nation's obligations 56 or any other per cent. Secretary Long aptly said of the Teller resolution: "By this promise of a 44-cent dollar and of the practical discredit of the financial obligations of the United States they (the silver men) commit themselves to a policy which will reduce the value of every laboring man's wages, of every veteran's pension and of every penny saved and laid up in our savings banks. We shall go to the country next fall in the Congressional elections upon a square issue between a sound currency and a depreciated one; between maintaining and impairing the credit of the United States; between giving the industrial people of the country a dollar worth a hundred cents for their labor and product and giving them a dollar worth only forty cents."

The Coming Woman

Who goes to the club while her husband tends the baby, as well as the good old-fashioned woman who looks after her home, will both at times get run down in health. They will be troubled with loss of appetite, headaches, sleeplessness, fainting or dizzy spells. The most wonderful remedy for these women is Electric Bitters. Thousands of sufferers from Lame Back and Weak Kidneys rise up and and call it blessed, It is the medicine for women. Female complaints and Nervous troubles of all kinds are soon relieved by the use of Electric Bitters. Delicate women should keep this remedy on hand to build up the system. Only 50 cents per bottle. For sale by Alex. Wadsworth.

A GEORGIA HEN COOP.

It Was Sure Proof Against the Inroads of Outsiders.

"There isn't a more faithful being on earth," said a Georgia business man to a reporter, "than one of our Georgia darkies. Neither is there one more superstitious, nor yet again is there one who loves better the products of the hen coop. And Cartersville isn't any different from any one of a hundred southern towns. When I was down there some time ago, a customer of mine who had a fancy for chickens and who had always had more or less trouble in maintaining ownership of them told me he had a remedy and asked me to go around with him and see it. I wanted him to tell me what it was, but he insisted on my seeing it first, so I went along with him, and in a few minutes was standing in his back yard before what was to me the oddest chicken coop I ever saw. It was constructed of large timbers and there were a dozen places in its walls where a hand could be run in and everything cleaned out within reach. Then there was no fastening on the door, nor was there any kind of protection to the fowls. I couldn't understand how such an inviting snap could be of any use to the owner and said as much.

"'The charm is in the timber,' said he.

"'No,' said I.

"'Fact, just the same,' said he. 'You don't see it on the outside and you don't know it, but the darkies around here do, and they won't come within 100 yards of that coop if they can help it. I don't care how full of chickens it is. 'Cause why? It is built of the timbers of a gallows on which a man was hung about three months ago in another county. It cost me something extra to get it, but it has more than paid for itself since I have had it, and I am in the market now to buy all the secondhand scaffolds in Georgia. If you run across a sheriff any place with one for sale, let me know by next mail, won't you, please?'

"It was a true bill," concluded the traveling man, "for I saw a darky tried on it, and he refused a big silver dollar to go down to the coop to get a chicken for breakfast."—Washington Star.

An Omitted Particular.

"These here city folks may be purty smart in some ways," said Uncle Reuben, "but they're away behind us Pokoberry county people in one respect."

"What's that?" asked his nephew.

"Why, these here guideposts you have on your crossroads tell which directions the streets is in all right, but I notice it never says how far it is to 'em."—Chicago Post.

Free of Charge to Sufferers

Cut this out and take it to your druggist and get a sample bottle free of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. They do not ask you to buy before trying. This will show you the great merits of this truly wonderful remedy, and show you what can be accomplished by the regular size bottle. This is no experiment, and would be disastrous to the proprietors did they not know it would invariably cure. Many of the best physicians are now using it in their practice with great results, and are relying on it in most severe cases. It is guaranteed. Trial bottles free at Alex. Wadsworth's drug store. Regular size 50 cents and $1.00.

They Must go South.

Baltimore Sun.

Sooner or later the New England cotton manufacturers must scumb to the inevitable, and meet Southern competition in the only way it can be met successfully, namely, by invading the South and utilizing the advantages which it offers. That step may be postponed for a few years, but ultimately there will be no other alternative. That they would be welcomed in the South goes without saying, for they would be a most valuable addition that growing section.

Consumption

Will SCOTT'S EMULSION cure consumption? Yes and no. Will it cure every case? No. What cases will it cure then? Those in their earlier stages, especially in young people. We make no exaggerated claims, but we have positive evidence that the early use of

Scott's Emulsion

of Cod-liver oil with Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda in these cases results in a positive cure to a large number. In advanced cases, however, where a cure is impossible, this well-known remedy should be relied upon to prolong life surprisingly.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

The Awful Small Boy.

Mrs. Cakebread was entertaining some ladies at a select little 5 o'clock tea, and Bobby, who had been exceptionally well behaved, was in high feather.

"Ma," he said, as cake was being handed round, "may I have some tongue, please?"

"There isn't any tongue, Bobby."

"That's funny," commented Bobby. "I heard pa say there would be lots of it."—London Tit-Bits.

His Board of Trade Style.

Clara (excitedly)—Well, papa, did the count ask you for me today?

Mr. Millyuns—Ask me for you? Naw! He told me if I wanted to put up margins enough he'd talk business.—Chicago News.

Beginning to Take Notice.

John—So you really think you have some chance of winning her, do you?

Henry—Oh, yes! I feel quite encouraged. She has begun to find fault with my looks.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Everybody Needs It.

Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, act gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds, cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and billousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. to-day; 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE.

Some Examples of the Glaring Inconsistencies of Its Alphabet.

As our alphabet now stands—even after 6,000 years of perfecting—it is a string of singularly ambiguous signs and affords an unequaled opportunity for tormentors, just as a man who cannot express himself clearly can be plagued with sophisticated questions. The confusion of English sound and letters is well illustrated by spelling coffee without one correct letter—kauphy—which spelling is nearer the original than the one in use, for a pamphlet was printed in Oxford in 1659 on "The Nature of the Drink Kauphi or Coffee."

The artistically bad orthography of many of our funny writers is made possible by the glaring inconsistencies of our alphabet. But some instances of naturally funny bad spelling are perhaps equal to any artificial ones. Here is a note that was sent to a doctor:

Cer—Yole oblige me uf yole kum un ce me I hev a Bad howd am Hill an hev lost my Happy Tight.

The following, received by a schoolmaster, was likely to be misunderstood:

Sar—As you are a man of nolege I intend to inter my son in your skull.

Here is a bill sent to a gentleman:

asafada $1 50
ataciuonimomagin 50

Pade—J. Jaxn.

The items are not apothecaries' articles, as might be supposed, but merely "a horse half a day and a taking on him home again."

Many eccentric devices of literature depend on the peculiar arrangement of letters. Some of these have fine sounding names and are recognized as famous recreations of the learned. The palindrome, which is a line that reads alike backward and forward, is one of the most difficult of all feats of letter juggling and has engaged the attention of the world's cleverest brains.

While in exile Napoleon was asked by an Englishman if he thought he could have sacked London and replied, "Able was I ere I saw Elba"—the most skillful palindrome on record. Run the letters of the reply backward if you would test it. A famous Latin example is the lawyers' motto, "Si Nummi immunis." The following sentence is not only a palindrome, but extraordinary in other respects: "Sator areppo tenet opera rotas."

This spells the same backward and forward; all the first letters of the words spell the first word; the second letters of the word spell the second word, and so on through the third, fourth and fifth. The last letters spell the last word; the next to the last of each word spell the next word, and so on to the beginning.—London Mail.

A Sure Thing for You.

A transaction in which you cannot lose is a sure thing. Biliousness, Sick Headache, Furred tongue, fever, piles and a thousand other ills are caused by constipation and sluggish liver. Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the wonderful new liver stimulant and intestinal tonic are by all druggists guaranteed to cure or money refunded. 10, 25, 50 C. C. C. are a sure thing. Try a box to-day; 10c., 25c., 50c. Sample and booklet free. See our big ad.

ONE OF TWO WAYS.

The bladder was created for one purpose, namely, a receptacle for the urine, and as such it is not liable to any form of disease except by one of two ways. The first way is from imperfect action of the kidneys. The second is from careless local treatment of other diseases,

CHIEF CAUSE.

Unhealthy urine from unhealthy kidneys is the chief cause of bladder troubles. So the womb, like the bladder, was created for one purpose, and if not doctored too much is not liable to weakness or disease, except in rare cases. It is situated back of and very close to the bladder, any pain, disease or inconvenience manifested in the kidneys, back, bladder or urinary passage is often, by mistake, attributed to female weakness or womb trouble of some sort. The error is easily made and may as easily be avoided. To find out correctly, set your urine aside for twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates kidney trouble. The mild and extraordinary effect of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp Root, the great kidney and bladder remedy is soon realized. If you need a medicine you should have the best. At druggists fifty cents and one dollar. You may have a sample bottle and pamphlet; both sent free by mail. Mention this paper and send your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. The proprietor of this paper guarantees the genuineness of this offer.

Without A Rival.

As a positive cure for sprains, bruises, and pains of all kinds, Salvation Oil has no equal. Mrs. Frank Juif, 518 Gratiot Ave., Detroit, Mich., writes: "I used Salvation Oil in my family and can say it has no rival as a liniment; it certainly cures pains. I sprained my ankle and it cured me and since then I have always used it for any pains and bruises." Salvation Oil is sold for only 25 cents. No other remedy will do the work as promptly.

S. B. Miller & Co.

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Established 1861.

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Quick Sales. Prompt Returns

REFERENCES:

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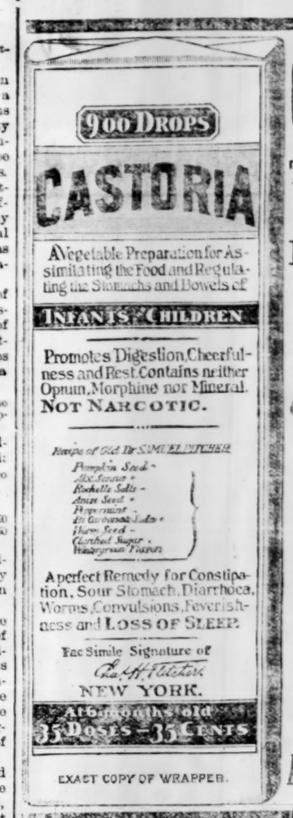
Ripans Tabules cure bad breath.
Ripans Tabules: for sour stomach.
Ripans Tabules cure dizziness.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INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
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A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
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At 6 months old
35 DOSES - 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CANDY CATHARTIC Cascarets CURE CONSTIPATION

10¢ 25¢ 50¢

REGULATE THE LIVER

ALL DRUGGISTS

CANDY CATHARTIC ..... CASCARETS taste good. Eat them like candy. They move any bad taste in the mouth, foul the breath sweet and perfumed. It is a real pleasure to take them instead of nauseating liquids or cannon-ball pills.

BOON FOR MOTHERS ..... CASCARETS increase the flow of milk in nursing mothers. A tablet eaten by the mother dines her milk mildly purgative and has a mild but certain effect on the baby, the only safe laxative for the babe-in-arms.

PURELY VEGETABLE ..... CASCARETS are purely vegetable and contain no mercurial or other mineral poison. They are made of the most refined remedies discovered and are a scientific combination of vegetable drugs. They taste good and do good, stop wind colic and cramps, and kill and drive off worms, and all kinds of parasites that live in the alimentary canal of the growing child.

PLEASE THE CHILDREN never before put together in any form.

ANTISEPTIC LAXATIVE ..... CASCARETS are anti-septic. That means they sweeten the digested food from mouth to anus, preventing fermentation in the bowels and kill disease germs of any kind that breed and feed in the system.

CURE GUARANTEED

LIVER STIMULANT ..... CASCARETS stimulate the stomach and liver and regulate the bowels and purify the blood. As a blood purifier they act directly through the glands, cleansing the blood of all impurities, carrying off all bile and poisonous matter. They strengthen the muscular walls of the intestines and build up the nerve centers. They act on the mucous membranes, relieving constipation, and overcoming habitual constipation forever. They make the liver active, clear the complexion, purify the breath, and make you feel bright and cheerful. They regulate the kidneys and urinary passages, relieving all inflammation, pain and irritation, and cure Bright's disease, diabetes, bloody urine, scalding pains, weak back, gravel, catarrh of the bladder, and all diseases of the genito-urinary organs. They are the best and most perfect remedy for the cure of piles. They cure sick headache, biliousness, dizziness, coated tongue, sour stomach, bad breath, fever, dyspepsia, impure blood, pimples, boils, blotches, eczema, and all diseases arising from a torpid liver, defective digestion, or impure blood. They are the most wonderful tonic ever discovered, imparting tone and vigor to the whole system. They are the greatest known remedy for overcoming the habit of opium, morphine, whiskey, tobacco and cigarette using. They cure when all other remedies fail. They are sold and guaranteed to cure by druggists everywhere. Book free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

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Don't judge CASCARETS by other medicines you have tried. They are new, unlike anything else that's sold, and infinitely superior.

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Try a 10c box to-day, if not pleased get your money back! Larger boxes, 25c or 50c. Sample and booklet mailed free. Address STERLING REMEDY CO., CHICAGO, MONTREAL, CAN.; NEW YORK. 288

NO-TO-BAC cures Tobacco Habit or money refunded. Makes weak men strong. Sold and guaranteed by all druggists. Get booklet.

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Fish Dealer

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North Carolina Shad a Specialty.
Stencils furnished at a moment's notice.
Reference:—Guirkin & Co., Bankers beth City, N C, and other Financiers uses when desired

A. W. HAFF,

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In Fresh Fish Lobsters,

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3 RAMBLER ROSES! WHITE, YELLOW, CRIMSON.

Will make a magnificent hedge, beautiful shade for the piazza, or a charming bed. Constant bloomers perfectly hardy. One plant produces thousands of flowers.

ONLY FORTY CENTS, DELIVERED.

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The only one containing full Descriptions and Directions for planting and culture; so comprehensive, condensed, classified and indexed that

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Ripans Tabules: pleasant laxative.
Ripans Tabules: gentle cathartic.
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as early as you should be? If not, you should get one of our

Wake Up

ALARM CLOCKS, ONLY

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We carry in stock a full line of Bogy and Dry Kiln Wheels; also Standard Grate Bars, and are prepared to furnish Boiler Fronts and general Foundry work on short notice.

We are prepared to do our own pattern work and we guarantee our work and prices to compare with any other city.

We carry in our Supply Store a full line of Rubber and Leather Belting, Oils, Wastes, Babbit Metal, Files, Belt Dressing, Engine and Rubber Packings, Lubricators, Steam Guages, Brass Goods of all kinds, Belt Lacing, Pipe and Pipe Fittings and Boiler Tubes.

We also handle Wood and Iron Pulleys, Hangers, Boxes, Collars, Shafting, Couplings and Rubber Roofing Paint. And are agents for Wood Working Machinery, Engines and Boilers and Machery of all description and Gasoline Engines and Launches.

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Mayor—Charles A. Banks; Commissioners—Paterson John, Thomas A. Commander, J. A. Kramer, B. Frank Spence and Wm. W. Griggs. Clerk, Charles Guirkin; Treasurer, Geo. W. Cobb; Constable and Chief of Police, Wm. C. Brooks; Street Commissioner, Reuben W. Berry; Fire Commissioner, Allen K. Kramer; Attorney, I. M. Meekins.

Collector of Customs—Paterson John,

Postmaster—E. F. Lamb.

Examining Surgeons of Pensions—Drs. J. E. Wood, W. W. Griggs and W. J. Lumsden. Meet on the 1st and 3d Wednesdays of each month at the corner of Road and Church Sts

CHURCHES.

Methodist: J. H. Hall, pastor; Baptist, C. S. Blackwell, pastor; Episcopal, L. L. Williams, rector; Presbyterian, F. H. Johnston, pastor.

Methodist Episcopal Whedbee Built: Preaching 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m., each Sunday. Sunday School at 2 p. m. Prayer meetings Tuesday nights. U. F. Hunter, pastor.

Evangelical Association, B. C. Krupp, pastor, Opera House, every Sunday morning and night.

COLORED—Methodist, P. R. Anderson, pastor; Corner Stone, Z. H. Berry, pastor; Olive Branch, Lake Pierce, pastor; Sawyer's Chapel, J. C. Coleman pastor. Antioch, Presbyterian, S. P. Smith, pastor,

LODGES.

Masonic: Eureka Lodge No. 317 Geo. W. Brothers, jr. W. M.; Dr. J. B. Grigg, S. W.; Dr. A. L. Pendleton, J. W.; I. B. Wilson, S. D.; C. W. Grice, J. D.; B. F. Spence, Treas.; D. B. Bradford, Secretary; E. F. Sawyer, Chaplain; J. A. Hooper and J. Jordan, Stewart; L. J. Shepherd, Tiler Meets 1st and 3d Tuesday nights.

Odd Fellows: Aclioree Lodge No. 147 W. H. Ballard, N. G.; W. A. Jones, V. G.; H. O. Hill, Secr'y; G. W. Twiddy, Treasurer.

Tabula Encampment No. 8; Maurice Wescott, C. P.; W. A. Jones, H. P.; D. M. Simons, J. W.; H. O. Hill, Scribe; G. W. Twiddy, Treas.

Royal Arcanum, Tiber Creek Council No. 1209; H. O. Hill, Regent; D. A. Morgan, Vice Regent; C. Guirkin, Orator; W. H. Zoeller, Secretary; I. M. Cook, Collector; W. J. Woodley, Treasurer. Meets every 1st and 3d Monday nights.

Knights of Honor; R. B. White, Dictator; J. H. Engle, Vice Dictator; T. J. Jordan, Reporter; F. B. Wilson, Finance Reporter; W. J. Trafton, Treasurer. Meets 1st and 4th Friday.

Pasquotank Tribe No. 8, I. O. R. M.; W. H. Sanford, Prophet; Will Anderson, Sachem; B. C. Lane, S., Sagamore; James Spires, C. of R.; S. H. Murrell, K. of W.; J. P. Simpson, K. of W. Meet every Wednesday night.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Commissioners: E. C. Kramer, chairman; F. M. Godfrey, W. J. Williams. Standard Keeper, A. L. Jones. Health Officer, Dr. Isaah Fearing. Attorney, I. M. Meekins.

Sheriff, Thomas P. Wilcox; Superior Court Clerk, John P. Overman; Register of Deeds, M. B. Culpepper; Treasurer, John S. Morris; County Supervisor I. M. Meekins; Board of Education: John D. Fulmer, Newton A. Jones and John T. Davis.

SCHOOLS.

Public School, W. M. Hinton, Principal.
Atlantic Collegiate Institute, S. L. Sheep, Prest.
Select School, I. N. Tillett, Principal.
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This well established Hotel offers first-lass accommodations to travelers.

FIRST-CLASS BAR ATTACHED

Sample Rooms for Traveling Salesmen and Conveyances furnished when desired. Free Hacks to all Trains and Steamers.

Terms Reasonable.

The North Carolinian.

Wednesday, February 9, 1898.

☞Still moving on.

☞Let all join in the procession.

☞Monday is St Valentine's Day.

☞Our farmers are busy now preparing for the spring crops.

☞Work on the Bicycle track to Davis Bay has commenced.

☞The fishermen talk encouragingly of their prospects. Glad to hear it.

☞Hon. Claude M. Bernard has been confirmed as United States District Attorney.

☞The lower Sounds and Creeks are reported to be crowded with wild duck and geese.

☞Mrs. Addie M. Tate has been appointed Postmaster at Kitty Hawk, to succeed Wm. J. Tate, resigned.

☞At the regular meetings of the County and Town Commissioners but little of special interest, beyond the routine business, was transacted.

☞The public schools, both in the city and county, are reported to be in good condition—those in the city especially so.

☞Mill men tell us that the timber in this section is far from being exhausted; that there is still a vast quantity back in the woods.

☞Mr. Charles Weymouth left on Wednesday for Croatan Sound with a number of hands on the steam Flats "Charles" and "Croatan," to get everything in readiness at the large Fishery there.

☞A subscriber asks: "Is it true that the CAROLINIAN is the oldest paper in the State without change of editor or proprietor?" We answer, it is. We established it in 1869, and we have been at the helm ever since.

☞Alex Berry, of Swan Quarter, is an applicant for the position of Collector of Customs at Newberne. He is strongly endorsed, and is a most worthy man. As several counties of the First District, including Hyde, are in the Newberne Customs District, his appointment will not be taking a man from another District.

☞Miss Mae, the charming daughter of Dr. and Mrs. J. E. Wood, is visiting friends at Raleigh. From the News & Observer of the 4th inst, we clip the following item:

TEA TO MISS WOOD. One of the pleasantest events of the social season was the delightful tea given yesterday afternoon by Mrs. Henry Briggs and Miss Elizabeth Briggs in honor of their guest, Miss Wood, of Elizabeth City.

☞The burning down of Fowler & Co's Net & Twine Factory, briefly noticed in our last issue, is a serious loss in many ways. It is a heavy loss to the owners, the insurance not covering over half the amount; it throws some fifty operatives, mostly needy females, out of employment; a number of fishermen who had ordered twine, which, by the way, were ready for delivery, will suffer great inconvenience and loss by the compulsory delay in obtaining the twine needed for their Nets, and destruction of this important industry is a loss to the city. Whether it will be rebuilt has not yet been definitely decided on.

☞Five fire alarms last week, and the coldest week of the season, was hard on the Fire Companies, but they quickly responded, as they always do and did their full duty. It is conceded that Fire Commissioner A. K. Kramer is the right man in the right place. He acts with good judgement and his directions are followed and his orders executed promptly. He has the confidence of the members of the Company, and they are "faithful and true."

——So, too, is prompt and efficient action of the Hook and Ladder Company worthy of all praise. The Chief, Elisha Overton, knows exactly what to do at a fire, and the members of the Company respond and work like heroes. Both he and they have the respect and confidence of the community.

☞In reply to several inquirers, the CAROLINIAN will state that the great issue in this State this year will be: Shall the Bourbon Democrats obtain control of the Legislature? All other issues must be subordinated to this supreme one. If, by divisions and dissensions and a failure of cooperation by Republicans and Populists the Democrats should be returned to power, a system of elections much more odious than that overthrown in 1894 will be established. This must not be. The principle which by the united action of Republicans and Populists has been vitalized into law that every qualified voter in the State shall have his ballot counted and returned as cast must be preserved.

☞It is not legally necessary to say on a note "for value received."

☞Dress Goods at a price to please all this Fall at Fowler & Co.'s

☞A full church choir increases the chants for salvation.

☞Shoes! Shoes and Boots. Fowler & Co. bought before the advance and will give you the benefit

☞Bashful lovers and kernels of corn usually turn white when they pop.

☞Gum Boots, Oil Clothing, and Twines and Nets, at wholesale at Fowler & Co.

☞One of Time's swiftest flights is caused by the light of a promisory note.

☞Bargains in Blankets at Fowler Co.'s. See theirs before buying.

☞The man who is always down in the mouth seldom gets up in the world.

☞Sample Carpet Rugs from 5c to 25c at Fowler & Co.'s

☞Telescopes were invented in 1590, and gold was discovered in California in 1848.

☞Carpets and Straw Mattings at bottom prices at Fowler & Co.'s

☞He surely is most in want of another's patience who has none of his own.

☞Fowler & Co. struck it right again on Overcoats and Suits. Save money by seeing theirs.

☞We enjoy ourselves in our work—in our doing; and our best doing is our best enjoyment.

☞The man who has no happiness in life is one who doesn't wear Moses Weisel's perfect fitting shirts.

☞The saddest failures in life are those that come from not putting forth the power and will to succeed.

☞Its a peach! that $1.25 Overcoats for boys at Moses Weisel's, sizes from 5 to 13 years, with capes.

☞A perverse temper and a discontented, fretful disposition, wherever they prevail, render any stage of life unhappy.

☞That Kid Glove Moses Weisel is selling for 79c is a corker.

☞Birds of feather flock together until they get on the ladies' high hats; then they are scattered all over the Church.

An Uncertain Disease.

There is no disease more uncertain in its nature than dyspepsia. Physicians say that the symptoms of no two cases agree. It is therefore most difficult to make a correct diagnosis. No matter how severe, or under what disguise dyspepsia attacks you, Browns' Iron Bitters will cure it. Invaluable in all diseases of the stomach, blood and nerves. Browns' Iron Bitters is sold by all dealers.

☞The hen is not a good example for humanity; she sets when she wants to, but heaven and earth can't make her set when she don't want to.

☞Timidity is the synonym of cowardice in public affairs, and often masquerades as prudence. It never did and never will win a battle.

☞How are you off for Blankets We have 'em, the best to be had from 50c the pair to $5. Moses Weisel.

☞Force is not the law of love, but it seems to be the law of life. Justice somehow or other, always manages to hold the scales so as to place the stronger in the favored position.

☞The man who doesn't turn up at Moses Weisel's Gents Furnishing Goods sale is very apt to be turned down by judges of elegant styles.

☞It is a happy combination to have a good farm and a good man together. A good manager is imitated in his methods for miles around. He sets the example—what crops to seed how to cultivate; what machinery to buy; when, and how to market, and in many ways is unconsciously helpful to those around them.

A WORD ABOUT BRICK: Everybody needing Brick want a good quality—an article that will wear and last. The Thompson Works manufacture the best for building and all other purposes made in this section. They are well burned and "all right" in every respect. All orders promptly filled. Address F. G Thompson, manager Elizabeth City, N. C

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought. Is on every wrapper.

☞A very pretty wedding took place Monday at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Lathrop, in the First Ward, their only daughter, Miss Rose, being united in marriage to Mr. James Harvey Crawford, of the N. S. Railroad, Rev. J. H. Hall, officiating. The guests were Mr. and Mrs. Holbrook and daughter, of Boston; the bride's Sunday teacher, and class, Mr. Crawford's immediate relatives and his office associates. The presents were many, beautiful, costly and useful. All accompanied the couple to the depot where the usual amount of rice was showered on them, while many others standing near received more than their share. They go to Boston from Norfolk by water, visiting friends and relatives of the bride; returning, will visit New York and Brooklyn, where they will be guests of Mr. Crawford's relatives. They expect to be away two weeks.

☞The CAROLINIAN is asked: "What has been the proportionate gain of Christians in the world during the past fifty years?" In 1836 it was estimated that there were 825,000,000 nonchristians and 225,000,000 Christians, a proportion of nearly four to one. In 1892 the nonchristians were estimated at 950,000,000 and the Christians at 477,000,000, a proportion of two to one. There are no more recent estimates.

☞The most meddlesome persons always have an idea that they have no curiosity whatever.

☞Congeniality is what some people discover in those who keep still and let them talk about themselves.

LOCAL MENTION.

The sun rose this morning at 6:55 and will set to-night at 5:34.—The "Monday Night Club" was entertained by the Misses Engle last week.—Miss Ada Melick gave a party in honor of the Misses Cobbe, of Chicago, Ill., who were visiting here.—Few men have the courage to tell a woman the things that her mirror does.—Mrs. J. T. McCabe and son haye returned from Hagerstown, Md.—Mrs. Kilby, of Portsmouth, is visiting her friend, Mrs. W. H. Zoeller, on South Martin street.—When a man tears a leaf off a calendar he realizes that his days are numbered.—The following contains several truths:

The constant drop of water
Wears away the hardest stone;
The constant gnaw of Towser
Masticates the toughest bone;
The constant cooing lover
Carries off the blushing maid;
The constant advertiser
Is the one that gets the trade.

—Miss Sallie Lawrence, of Oxford, N. C., is visiting Miss Helen Martin, on Church street.—A purse is doubly empty when it is full of borrowed money.—Mr. W. S. Leary, of Gatesville, has made arrangements to locate with his family in our city. The population of the town keeps on increasing.—Most men are generous to a fault when the fault happens to be their own.—Misses Mira L. and Zoe D. Cobbe, of Chicago, who have been visiting their grandfather, Dr. P. John, and family, on Sheppard street, left for home on Wednesday.—"Well, how do you like your new teacher?" little Johnny was asked. "Not much. She don't know anything. To-day she asked me who discovered America," was the reply.—Mrs. Trim S. White and daughter, Mrs. James Aydlett, have been visiting relatives and friends at Hertford.—Duty and responsibility were married in the Garden of Eden.—Some men meet trouble half way and then stand on a corner waiting for happiness to come along.—Our young townsman, Mr. Cyrus H. Gray, who has been off on a visit to his old home on Roanoke Island, has returned. While there he took a hand at duck shooting, capturing twenty-two.—A bird in the hand lays no eggs.—Saith the Bard:

So many gods, so many creeds,
So many paths that wind and wind,
While just the art of being kind
Is most this sad world needs.

—The sunken Dredge near Willey's ship yard has been raised and is on the Ways for repairs.—The ardent lover is all at sea when his best girl throws him overboard.—"You wouldn't take that man for a great inventor, would you?" remarked a citizen. "No, is he?" "He is. He invented an excuse for being out with the boys that satisfied his wife and he has been married seventeen years."—Mr. H. W. Bowen and family, of Norfolk, have moved to Elizabeth City, occupying a residence on Burgess street. Still they come.—"What would you do if I were to kiss you?" asked a certain young beau in the Second Ward. "How singular! I was thinking that very same thing." was the young lady's reply. Yet the foolish fellow sat there and kept on wondering.—We call attention to the fact that the vigorous and efficient services rendered by our Fire Companies are not sufficiently appreciated by our citizens. They deserve and should have fuller recognition and support.—The following recipe for happsness is contributed:

He told her she was beautiful,
He praised her "soulful eyes!"
She said that he was chivalrous,
And wonderfully wise.
He flattered her, she flattered him,
As both of them well knew,
But still they kept it up and were
Serenely happy too.

—We have to guess what the future and the merchant who never advertises have in store.—General Manager M. K. King, of the Norfolk & Southern railroad, was in the city on Friday. He gave us a call on business.—There was never yet a philosopher that could endure the toothahce patiently—Lowry's mammouth building on the Northwest corner of Main and Poindexter streets is nearly completed.—Mr. T. T. Whitcomb has opened a Fish and Oyster house at the bridge on Poindexter street.—One can draw their own conclusion from the fact that there isn't enough truth in existence to keep tongues of gossips constantly wagging.—Some thirsty men catch at straws.—Contractor M. P. Hawkins informs us that he has completed the brick work at the County Home for the aged and infirm. He is the leading bricklayer hereabout and a good workman.—Elisha Overton has contracted to build a dwelling house for Mr. J. H. Leroy on West Main street. He is an up-to-date carpenter,—Mr. Dempsey G. Bray, of Riddle, Camden county, has located with his family in Elizabeth City.—The streets are now in fair condition.—

As sunbeams pierce through heavy clouds,
And shed their light to all,
So let your words of love and cheer
In darkest corners fall.

—The debate at the Collegiate Institute on Friday night was exceptionally interesting.—Mrs. Wm. Ginter, of Lewisburg, Pa., and Mrs. H. B. Hartzler, of Harrisburg, Pa., are visiting Mrs. N. R. Zimmerman on the corner of Fearing and Poindexter streets.—The Feast by the ladies of the Baptist Church at the Town Hall on Friday night was a success.—Miss Rena Henderson, of Murfreesboro, this State, is visiting here.—Only the boor thinks it unmanly to say "thank you."—Mr. C. E. Kramer has commenced work on his new residence on Southwest corner of Main and Martin streets.—The chairs for Lowry's new Opera House have arrived and are being put in place.—J. B. Jennett, Superior Court Clerk of Dare, called yesterday and paid his rospects.

☞Dr. Hill, the healer, now occupies the Grandy law office. He has a constantly increasing practice; his patients who have been relieved are now his best advertisers. He advises all who wish to have his help to come soon, as his summer work is in the North and his stay here is very limited.

Honor Roll of the Elizabeth City Public School for the Month of January.

Carl Raulf, Willie Garrett, Eugene Lane, Roy Chesson, Ray Banks, Henry Swain, Mary Jordan, Carrie Cherry, Emma Markham, Lois Markham, Eva Godfrey, Louiss Hall, Jennie Simpson, George Carter, Annie Carter, Dora Salomonsky, Linda Spence, Mary Hinton, Bessie Morgan.

Buckien's Arnica Salve

The best Salve in the world for Cuts Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. price 25c per box. For sale by Alex. Wadsworth

NOTICE.

Office of the Norfolk & Southern R. R. Company,
74 Broadway, New York Jan. 24, '98.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the Norfolk & Southern R. R. Co., for the election of nine Directors and the transaction of other business will be held at the office of the Company in Norfolk, Va., on Thursday, March 3, 1898, at 9 o'clock, A. M. Transfer books will be closed February 1st and reopened March 4th 1898.

By order of the Board of Directors.
M. W. DOMINICK, Secretary.

W. H Morris,

Veterinary Surgeon.

Having made the Diseases of Horses a special study, is now devoting attention to their cure. He has had marked success in treating staggers, affections of the lungs, lock jaw, etc. He also treats all Domestic Animals.

Examinations at his office on Main street, Elizabeth City, N. C., FREE OF CHARGE

Admistration Notice.

HAVING qualified as administrator of the late John J. Parmore I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to his estate to come forward and make immediate payment and those holding claims against the same to present them for payment within twelve months from date of this notice or it will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

JOSEPH ROUGHTON.
Nov. 29, 1897.

☞Claims filed at the office of I. M. MEEKINS Attorney.

Administration Notice.

Having qualified as Administrator of the late Matilda Trublood, I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to his estate to come forward and make immediate settlement, and those holding claims against the same to present them for payment within twelve months from the date of this notice, or it will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. This 25th of Nov., 1897.

EDMOND FLETCHER,
Administrato

Notice of Administration.

HAVING qualified as Executors of the late W. J. Griffin, we hereby give notice to all persons indebted to his estate to come forward and make immediate settlement; and those holding claims against the same to present them for payment within twelve months from the date of this notice or it will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

CAMILLA C. GRIFFIN
I. M. MEEKINS.
Oct. 25, 1897. Administrators

Kramer Bros. & Co.,

(INCORPORATED)

ufacturers of and Dealers in

KILN & AIR DRIED

LUMBER

——AND——

Building Material

Truck Boxes

——AND——

CRATES

Now is the time to place your order the latter for the Spring Shipping.

OUR COLORED PEOPLE

BY SPECIAL REPORTER.

[Items of interest concerning the Colored People will regularly appear in this column.]

Subscribe for the CAROLINIAN.

St. Valentine's entertainment on Monday night.

Peter Hollowell, jr., who resided near town, died on the 2d inst.

A house in the Fourth Ward occupied by Joseph Collins and family was destroyed by fire Friday.

Uniforms for the Hook and Ladder boys are needed. Lend a helping hand.

Rev. Richard Dick gave one of his characteristic lectures in the county, near town, on Friday night last.

We regret to note that Prof. C. A. Whitehead has resigned his position in the Normal and Industrial School here. He has always impressed us as a gentleman and a scholar and we are sorry to have him leave our community.

The corner stone of the Coleman Cotton Factory, to be controlled and operated by colored people, was laid at Concord, this State, yesterday.

W. A. Taylor, principal of the Hertford Academy, was in the city 1rst Friday looking after some matters of business.

Mr. C. M. Midgett, of this place, has closed a successful three months' school at Manteo and returned home.

Despite the cold weather the W. C. T. U. meeting last week was well attended and considerable interest was manifested. Short talks and music constituted the program.

Rev. C. C. Somerville, district missionary, delivered a very practical and instructive address before the State Normal School Literary last Friday night. He is one of the State's foremost thinkers.

It may not be generally known but it is true that steps are being taken, with some indications of success, to reimburse the losers by the failure of the Freeman's Savings Bank some years ago. If any of our people lost they should keep up with the movement

Several of our local ministers are attending the New Era Institute now in session at Hertford.

Mr. Jas. Williams, Princess Anne county, Va., is spending a few days In our community.

Hon. Hugh Cale has returned from Washington.

Mrs. Mary Bond has returned to her home in Chowan after a short while spent with friends here

We beg to acknowledge the receipt of an invitation to be present at the Tuskeegee Negro Conference on the 22d, and the Worker's Conference on the 24th inst. to be held in Tuskeegee Normal and Industrial Institute, Tuskeegee, Ala., of which Prof. B. T. Washington is principal. This promises to be a notable gathering of race leaders, thinkers and workers from throughout the South.

Through the energetic efforts of night-watchman J. D. Lamb, the plans and arrangements of some chicken thieves in the Fourth Ward were recently broken up. He came so near laying hands on the offenders that they have apparently left for other parts. The right man seems to be in the right place

Don't Neglect Your Liver.

Liver troubles quickly result in serious complications, and the man who neglects his liver has little regard for health. A bottle of Browns' Iron Bitters taken now and then will keep the liver in perfect order. If the disease has developed, Browns' Iron Bitters will cure it permanently. Strength and vitality will always follow its use. Browns' Iron Bitters is sold by all dealers.

FOR SALE.

A valuable House and Lot, situated on Road Street, for sale. For further information apply to

I. M. MEEKINS.

No Cure—No Pay.

That is the way all druggists sell GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC for Chills and Malaria. It is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. Children love it. Adults prefer it to bitter nauseating tonics. Price, 50 cents.

B. G. CRISP,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Manteo, N. C.

Practices in all the Courts. Collections a specialty.

2 LARGE STORES CONNECTED AND UNDER 1 LIBERAL MANAGEMENT.

Our business largely increased, it became necessary to have more room; have rented the STORE NEXT TO OUR OLD STAND, in which we are showing a

CHEAP AND LARGE

Stock of Clothing, Shoes and Gent's Furnishing Goods, Hats etc. The

OLD STAND

is stocked with a choice and low price line of DRESS GOODS, ETC., LADIES' & CHILDREN'S SHOES MILLINERY, &c. New Goods arriving daily. Come and see them.

Moses Weisel,

"Ship Ahoy. Whither Bound?"

"TO HOOPER'S WITH A FAIR WIND FOR AN OUTFIT." "GOOD!" WE ALL STEER FOR HOOPER'S."

Nowhere else can such a variety and handsome stock of Suits and Overcoats be found at such low prices.

We Fit Anybody,

from 2 years old and upwards, and men of all shapes and conditions in life. Our sizes range from 2 years old to 42 breast with Regulars and Stouts and Longs and nearly all sizes.

We Can Fit Quickly

and give more satisfaction to buyers than anyone, not posted, would dream of. And yet we sell cheaply.

Winter Suits, 85 to 20; Winter Overcoats, 85 to $15; Trousers, 50c to 85;
Metal Trunks, from 81 to $6; Valises and Satchels 20c to $3.50;
Men's Winter Service and Dress Gloves, 10c to 75c;
Hats, Boots, Shoes, Dry Goods, Dress Goods,
Ladies' Cloaks and Capes, Jewelry
Notions &c.

J. A. HOOPER & CO.,

46 Water Street, Near Arlington Hotel.

We do Not Have to Talk a Man to Death

to sell our goods. We buy from first hands in large quantities and receive a fresh supply daily. We make a specialty of Fancy Groceries and Canned Goods, and pride ourselves on the fact that while the quality is way up in G the prices defy competition. Nothing gives us more pleasure than to show goods, because by thus doing we are sure to secure trade.

Prices and Quality Sell the Goods.

In addition to our already large stock of Groceries, Immense supply of Sugars, Cargoes of Flour, and general Wholesale and Retail Supplies, we have recently added Lime, Cement and Builder's Material generally. We can guarantee these goods. Long experience and practical knowledge with the trade has taught us a thing or two and we are ready to convince you. Our

Wholesale Department,

like our Retail Department, is always kept up to-date. Right here let us say that in the matter of buying we have saved money for others and can do so for you. We know what we are talking about and mean business. Call on us; you'll find us sociable as we have been since we were a boy.

W. J. Woodley, No. 138 and 140 Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

Dress Goods.

Unusual good value in Plain and Fancy Spring and Summer Dress Goods at Fowler & Co's

Hosiery

Before buying your Hosiery, examine the prices and qualites at Fowler & o's.

Clothing.

Fowler & Co.'s re offering some Special Bargains in alothing. Some heavy weight or Winter Clothing will be sold for about half their value

Fowler & Co.'s Store is full of new goods and new prices. Give them a call.

Everybody is Invited

——TO VISIT THE STORE OF——

W. T. DAVIS

No 32 Main Street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

YOU WILL FIND A FULL

Stock of Groceries

which I am offering at rock bottom prices. Call and you will find anything usually kept in a first-class Grocery Store.

ONE GIVES RELIEF.

Don't Spend a Dollar for Medicine until you have tried

RIPANS TABULES

You can buy them in the paper 5-cent cartons

Ten Tabules for Five Cents.

This sort is put up cheaply to gratify the universal present demand for a low price.

If you don't find this sort of

Ripans Tabules At the Druggist's

TRADE RIPANS MARK

Send Five Cents to THE RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, No. 10 Spruce St., New York, and they will be sent to you by mail; or 12 cartons will be mailed for 48 cents. The chances are ten to one that Ripans Tabules are the very medicine you need.

Ripans Tabules.
Ripans Tabules cure naus
Ripans Tabules: at druggists.

PATENTS

Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES. OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.

A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents," with cost of same in the U. S. and foreign countries sent free. Address,

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For circular of his famous and responsible

COMMERCIAL COLLEGE OF KY. UNIVERSITY

Awarded Medal at World's Exposition.

Refers to thousands of graduates in practical Cost of Full Business Course, including Tuition, Books and Board in family, about $50. Shorthand, Type-Writing, and Telegraphy, Specialties. The Kentucky University Diploma, under seal, awarded graduates. Literary Course, if desired. No vacation. Enter now. Graduates assisted. In order to have your letters reach us promptly address WILBUR R. SMITH, LEXINGTON, KY.

Oh, What Splendid Coffee.

Mr. Goodman, Williams Co., Ill., writes: "From one package Salzer's German Coffee Berry costing 15c I grew 300 lbs. of better coffee than I can buy in stores at 30 cents a lb." A. C 1

A package of this coffee and big seed and plant catalogue is sent you by John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., upon receipt of 15 cents stamps and this notice.

The coal output of West Virginia for 1897 amounted to 13,500,000 tons.

$100 Reward. $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much fa th in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

The agricultural products of Kansas for 1897 amounted to $230,410,143.

Florida.

Florida literature secured free upon application to J. J. Farnsworth, East'n Pass. Ag't. Plant System, 261 Broadway, N. Y.

About thirty-two per cent. of the tillable land of Arkansas is under cultivation.

To Cure A Cold in One Day.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

The first iron works in Nebraska began operations at Omaha in 1879.

Fits permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free DR. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

There are 22,000 publications in North America which print advertisements.

I coud not get along without Piso's Cure for Consumption. It always cures.—MRS. E. C. MOULTON, Needham, Mass., October 22, 1894.

The value of the natural gas produced in Kansas in 1896 amounted to $124,750.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

During 1897 the furnaces of Alabama have spent 200,000 tons of iron to Europe.

Chew Star Tobacco—The Best.
Smoke Sledge Cigarettes.

The supply of granite in Missouri is believed to be without limit.

Sciatic Rheumatism

"I have been troubled with sciatic rheumatism and have been taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. I improved every day and now am as well as I ever was in my life. I feel five years younger than I did before taking Hood's Sarsaparilla." WM. O'BRIEN, 2515 4th Avenue, West Troy, New York.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills. 25 cents.

Contest Between Lizard and Snake.

The latest "snake" story from Kentucky tells of a contest between a brainy lizard and a hungry rattler. It was a tree climbing contest, in which the lizard would run clear to the top of a sapling and patiently wait until the snake wound its weary way up; then the lizard would make a leap for life and the snake would also fling itself from the tree. But before the pursuer could get itself straightened out the lizard would scramble up another sapling. This merry-go-round was kept up nearly four hours, when the snake became discouraged and crawled away.

Temerity of a Horse.

It was the late Sir Henry Havelock Allan's boast that he could make his Arab—like the British army—"go anywhere and do anything;" and there is a well authenticated story of how one day, mounted upon his horse, he called upon a friend, who received him from an upper window, with the remark, "I'll be down in a moment." "Oh, don't trouble to come down," was the General's reply, "we'll come up to you," and he set his steed at the steps and in a moment was in the hall and would undoubtedly have ascended to the drawing room.—New York Post.

"Surprise Furniture."

"Surprise furniture" seems to be the rule rather than the exception nowadays, but the oddest of all odd pieces is a pretty little round table, upholstered in old brocade, with an arrangement for showing one or two miniatures. The half-top (it cannot be clearly defined) revolves with a touch, revealing all the necessaries for writing a hasty note or telegram and pockets for letters and cards, and another turn discloses just what is required for a 5 o'clock tea in lovely china.

Chalky Bed of the Atlantic.

The bed of the Atlantic from 400 to 2000 fathoms is covered with an ooze, or very fine chalky deposit, consisting to a great extent of minute broken shells.

Try Grain-O! Try Grain-O!

Ask you Grocer to-day to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it, like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. ¼ the price of coffee. 15 cents and 25 cents per package. Sold by all grocers.

Tastes like Coffee
Looks like Coffee

Insist that your grocer gives you GRAIN-O
Accept no imitation.

KLONDIKE!

When, where, and how to get there—quickly—safely. The cost. Extraordinary inducements for able-bodied men with little capital. World's fastest steamboat owned by this company. Most complete transportation facilities. Unwing gold dredges can clear $10,000 to $50,000 a day. Officers of company include Assistant Secretary of War Hon. G. D. Meiklejohn, ex-Senator Blackburn, ex-Commissioner of Pensions Hon. Dominick Murphy, Jack McQuestin, for 26 years, and Hank Summers, for 11 years, residents of Klondike section. Write, inclosing 6c. in stamps, for complete printed information.

KLONDIKE YUKON AND COPPER RIVER CO.
Suite 132 Loan and Trust Building,
Washington, D. C.

WORK FOR YOU

100 per cent. profit and a chance to win hundreds of dollars in Gold and a Fine Gold Watch. For particulars address, W. T. Cheatham, Jr., Henderson, N. C.

THE KLONDIKE TRAIL

Greatest puzzle of the season. Old and young. By mail, 10c. E. W. Mitchell, 82 Nassau St., Room 26, N. Y.

100 Farms for sale, $2 per acre cash, balance crop until paid. J. Mulhall, Sioux City, Ia.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. 25 CTS.

NEW ENGLAND BLIZZARD

A Snowstorm in Boston Suspends Business and Causes Distress.

WORST STORM IN FIFTY YEARS.

Boston and Neighboring Cities Buffeted—Communication With Outside World Shut Off—Live Electric Wires Prostrated by the Snow and Wind, Killed Scores of Horses—Disaster Widespread.

BOSTON, Mass. (Special).—With the possible exception of the great storm of 1851, when the Minot's Ledge Lighthouse went down, Boston never has had such an experience as the one through which it has just passed. New England's chief city has been snowbound. Its telegraph and telephone lines were paralyzed; railroad communication with other parts of New England was completely cut off, the city was plunged in almost total darkness and all manner of business was at a standstill. To add to the terror of the situation, broken electric wires caused fires innumerable, residents were driven out into the street, because the Fire Department could do nothing to save their homes from burning, and general consternation prevailed.

Astonishing figures will be needed to tell the story of the great loss in New England. In Boston alone the street railroad companies declare that their losses will amount to upward of half a million dollars. It is a conservative estimate that the loss sustained by vessel owners and shipowners will amount to a quarter of a million dollars more. Added to this will the tremendous loss sustained by other interests.

More than a million inhabitants of Eastern Massachusetts and parts of Rhode Island and New Hampshire were snowbound. The storm in New England centred off Martha's Vineyard, and the force of the wind was felt as far as Bangor, Me.

In the factory towns, Fall River, Lowell, New Bedford, Haverhill and Lynn operatives walked all the way from one to five miles to work. Many mills and factories made no attempt to run, and "no school" signals were hoisted in twenty-eight of the thirty-three cities in New England.

Banks, the Stock Exchange and all the big business houses had a holiday. There was no money with which to transact business. It was all locked up in the safes, to which the cashiers had the combinations, and the cashiers in most cases were storm bound at home. Postal clerks and carriers could not handle the mails because there were no mails to handle.

Midnight saw a general tie up of the trolley system. Cars stuck in snow drifts, crowded with passengers from the theatres, and stayed where they stuck, giving the passengers the option of striking out into the storm or sleeping on the seats. It is estimated that 5000 Bostonians slept, or tried to sleep, in stalled trolley cars.

In the morning the business portion of the city was deserted; for cars were unable to get in from the suburbs. The streets were panoramas of broken poles and twisted wires.

Dead horses could be found at intervals of a block or two all over the Roxbury and Dorchester districts. Some had perished from exhaustion, but the majority of some sixty-five reported killed through the night came to their deaths from falling wires. That men did not share the fate of horses is remarkable, for Boston was a nest of spitting, twisting electric wires for hours. The situation assumed such a dangerous aspect that Mayor Quincy ordered that no electric currents be turned on except in districts where the wires are under ground. This put the city in darkness outside of the principal business district. It was decided to close all the schools in the city for the rest of the week.

The big three-masted schooner Charles T. Bridgs, of Bath, Me., coal laden, from Nova Scotia for Boston, was wrecked on the Nahant coast and her crew of eight perished.

Three Italians, shoveling snow at Dedham, on the Providence Division of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Road, were struck by a snowplow and killed.

In the big wholesale houses the working forces were represented largely by janitors and watchmen. The banks were practically closed all day, and trading on the Stock Exchange was of such small volume as to be absolutely insignificant.

Wrecks at Gloucester.

GLOUCESTER, Mass. (Special).—The greatest storm since 1851 swept the shores of Cape Ann, causing heavy loss of life and about $200,000 damage in this section alone. More than a dozen vessels are ashore near here, at least four more are lost, and many others were badly damaged. The water front of Gloucester Harbor and along the cape is strewn with wrecks and wreckage.

Connecticut Buried Deep.

HARTFORD, Conn. (Special).—Tracks of the New England and the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad are blocked by the snow, which is from two to three feet deep on a level over Northern Connecticut, with enormous drifts. Travel in country roads is impossible.

Rhode Island Roads Impassable.

PROVIDENCE, R. I. (Special).—The storm here was one of the greatest ever known. Telegraph and telephone wires are all down and the city is covered with three feet of snow, which has blown into immense drifts. Trains are blocked in all directions. From all sections of Rhode Island come reports showing that the storm is one of the most severe ever known in the State. Roads are impassable in all directions.

New York Has a Blizzard.

NEW YORK CITY (Special).—New York City and vicinity and New York State lie under a heavy blanket of snow, varying in thickness from the normal fall of two or three feet to ten and even twelve feet, where the high winds have drifted it. Trains, street cars and trolley lines were badly blocked. On some branches the cars were abandoned. On all the lines the trains were late. Country roads were generally impassable. The worst blizzard Saratoga and the Adirondacks have suffered since March, 1888, raged for two days.

Six inches of snow fell in New York City. Thousands of men and carts worked to clear it away, and made good progress in the principal business and residence streets. There was great distress among the very poor and homeless, and public and private charities were taxed to their utmost capacity for relieving suffering. Many walked the streets all night to keep from freezing. Inbound trains and steamships were crusted with snow and ice, and there was delay on almost all railroads entering New York.

FORTY-FOUR PERSONS DROWNED.

Channel Queen Runs on Guernsey Island in a Fog.

The mail steamer Channel Queen, running between Plymouth, England, and the Isle of Jersey, in the Channel Islands, ran on Guernsey in a fog and was wrecked.

Out of the sixty-five persons on board two were drowned, it was at first stated, but later it was found that forty-four persons had lost their lives.

The rest of the people on board the Channel Queen were saved in her boats, which were launched with difficulty, one of them being swamped.

VOORHEES SUCCEEDS GRIGGS.

His Speech on Assuming the Governorship of New Jersey.

Foster M. Voorhees, President of the Senate, was sworn in at Trenton as acting Governor of New Jersey, to succeed John W. Griggs, who resigned to become Attorney-General of the United States. The ceremony took place in the Assembly chamber in the presence of the members of both houses, and the oath of office was administered by Chief Justice Magie, under whom Senator Voorhees studied law. When the great seal of the State was formally delivered to him the entire assemblage broke out in applause. After the applause Senator Voorhees made a short address and was escorted to the Executive chamber.

Child of Their Old Age.

Mrs. Gilivray, sixty years old, of Toronto, Canada, wife of William Gilivray, seventy-eight years old, has a new baby, her twenty-second. The baby is a girl. Mrs. Gilivray was married at the age of fifteen. Her present husband is her second one. She was married to him seven years ago.

England Wants Our Aid.

Great Britain is said to be making overtures for an alliance with the United States to maintain free commerce in Chinese ports. Semi-official announcement is made that Germany will not interfere in those ports with the commerce of other Nations.

ALASKA'S PIONEER WOMAN MINER.

Mrs. Martha M. White Has Received a Medal From Congress.

Mrs. Martha M. White is not only the first woman to seek gold in Alaska but she was the mother of the first white child born on Cook's Inlet, and she has received a medal

MRS. MARTHA M. WHITE.

from Congress for her bravery in rescuing three shipwrecked sailors. Mrs. White accompanied her husband to the gold fields, and her private fortune is $10,000, which she panned herself.

GERMANY BARS OUR FRUIT.

Importation of the Fresh American Product of Every Kind Prohibited.

The Prussian Minister of Finance, Dr. Miquel, issued a decree, which goes into effect immediately, prohibiting the importation of every kind of American fresh fruit. The decree has been sent to all the German ports and frontier stations, excepting Bavaria, Saxony, and Wurtemberg. The United States Embassy was not previously warned, and the United States Ambassador, Mr. Andrew D. White, sent a formal letter to the Foreign Office inquiring upon what authority this inimical step was taken.

The United States Consul at Hamburg, Dr. Hugh Pitcairn, telegraphs that 16,000 barrels of American apples have been forbidden to be unloaded, and that two trains full of American fruit have also been forbidden to cross the frontier at Emmerich, which, aside from Hamburg, is the principal place of entry for American fruit.

On receipt of this news, Mr. White sent a second and stronger remonstrance to the Foreign Office, calling attention to the evident violation of the treaty.

At the Foreign Office it was learned that the Prussian Government prohibits the entry of American fruit on sanitary pretext, claiming that California and other vermin threaten to infect German trees and fruit.

WASHINGTON SUICIDAL MANIA.

Lucy Taylor Leaps Out of a Window and Her Father Tries to Hang Himself.

The suicidal mania which has caused a number of attempts at self-destruction in Washington for the past several weeks affected Walter Taylor, a clerk in the Treasury Department, and his pretty twenty-year-old daughter, Lucy. Miss Taylor has been in ill health for some time past, and her illness assumed a suicidal form.

She was with difficulty persuaded to retire to her room, and about 1 o'clock in the morning, after a violent struggle with her parents, who tried to hold her, she plunged through a window of the home and fell into a snowbank in the front yard. She then ran, terribly cut and bruised, through the streets, and after a half-hour's search was found almost nude in a snowbank by a policeman. She was taken home, and it was then found that during her absence her father had hanged himself by a rope attached to the boiler of a stove. He was cut down and removed to the hospital unconscious.

At noon the physicians reported that both Mr. and Miss Taylor were improving and that there was no longer doubt of their recovery.

THE DEBT STATEMENT.

A Net Decrease During January of More Than Ten Millions.

The public debt statement for the month of January shows a net decrease in the total of the outstanding obligations of the Government less cash in the Treasury, of $10,616,194. The several balances are interest-bearing debt, increase $190; debt bearing no interest, increase $988,328; debt on which interest has ceased since maturing, decrease $1730; cash in the Treasury, increase $11,602,982. The debt is divided as follows: Interest-bearing, $847,365,810; on which interest has ceased, $1,328 540; bearing no interest, $346,878,774. Total, $1,235,573,124. There are outstanding certificates and Treasury notes offset by an equal amount of cash in the Treasury, $581,213; cash in the Treasury, including gold reserve, $223,871,786.

NEW ENGLAND STORM LOSS.

Twenty-one Persons Dead, Thirty Vessels Lost, and Damage of $2,000,000.

The magnitude and severity of the winter hurricane, which on Monday night and Tuesday morning made a record for itself in Eastern Massachusetts and in Rhode Island, was realized more fully with the revival of business and communication with the outside world after many hours of practically complete isolation.

A summing up of the storm's work is as yet difficult, however, but it appears almost certain that the great hurricane claimed over twenty-one human lives, wrecked over thirty schooners in Massachusetts Bay, completely prostrated all telegraph lines and caused a total property loss of nearly $2,000,000.

A Bank's Big Loss.

William J. Quinlan, Jr., for many years the trusted cashier of the Chemical Bank, New York City, confessed to President Williams on Sunday that he had loaned $393,000 of the bank's money to two customers, Francis C. Grable and John S. Silver, on security of doubtful character. He offered his resignation and it was accepted. The bank will charge whatever it loses through the loans to "profit and loss."

An Alaska Lynching.

The steamer Alliance arrived from Copper River, Alaska, bringing the news of a double murder and lynching at Valdes on January 2. M. F. Tanner, a Montana cowboy, killed A. A. Call, of Worthington, Minn., and William Lee, of Massachusetts. The miners hanged Tanner the next morning.

John Wanamaker For Governor.

John Wanamaker was asked to become a candidate for Governor of Pennsylvania by a conference of anti-Quay Republicans in Philadelphia.

England Faces Russia.

St. Petersburg advices are to the effect that England was opposed by France and Germany as well as Russia in her demands for the opening of Talien-wan, China, and that it is now a question of Great Britain backing down or of an open conflict with Russia.

Peace Emissary Hanged.

The Governor of Pinar del Rio, Cuba, sent Jose Menendez Diaz as an emissary to the insurgent leader, Perico Diaz, with proposals of peace and surrender. The insurgents hanged him near a railway opening, with the Governor's letter on his body.

A Big Railroad's Repairs.

Some idea of the attention that the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad is now paying to its passenger traffic may be gained from the fact that during the past eighteen months nearly 800 passenger cars received thorough and ordinary repairs, 696 being repainted. Nearly all of the equipment is now Royal Blue, and most of it is equipped with Pintsch gas, the Pintsch light being used on local as well as through trains.

Spirits For Smokeless Powder.

From Peoria, Ill., they are shipping thousands of gallons of spirits to Japan daily to be used in the manufacture of smokeless powder.

THE MARKETS.

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

6

MILK AND CREAM.

The average price paid for the surplus on the platforms has been 2⅝c ₹ qt. net to shipper. Receipts of milk and cream at the different railroad distributing points in and near the city for the week have been as follows:

Average daily receipts of the week, fluid milk, cans	22,804
Condensed milk, cans	170
Cream, cans	419

BUTTER.

Creamery—West. extras...₹	—	@	20
Firsts	18	@	18½
Thirds to seconds	14½	@	17
State—Thirds to firsts	14	@	18
State Dairy tubs, extras	17	@	18
Imitation Creamery	13	@	17
Factory, fresh firsts	—	@	13½
Low grades	11	@	12

CHEESE.

State—Full cream, new, large	8½	@	8¾
Small	9	@	9¾
Part skims, good to prime	4¾	@	5¾
Full skims	2	@	3

EGGS.

State and Penn—Fresh	18½	@	19
Jersey—Fancy	—	@	20
Western—Choice	—	@	18
Southern—Choice	17	@	17¾
Duck eggs, ₹ doz	—	@	—
Goose eggs, ₹ doz	—	@	—

BEANS AND PEAS.

Beans—Marrow, choice, 1897	1 30	@	1 32½
Medium, choice, 1897	—	@	1 12½
Pea, choice, 1897	—	@	1 10
Red kidney, choice, 1897	—	@	1 70
White kidney, choice, 1897	1 45	@	1 50
Yellow eye	1 30	@	1 35
Lima, Cal., ₹ 60 lbs	—	@	1 30
Green peas, bags	—	@	75

FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.

Apples, Ben Davis, ₹ bbl	3 00	@	3 75
Greening, ₹ bbl	3 00	@	3 75
Baldwin, ₹ bbl	3 00	@	3 75
Grapes, Del., ₹ basket	—	@	—
Catawba, ₹ basket	6	@	10
Concord, ₹ basket	—	@	—
Cranberries, Cape Cod, ₹ bbl	5 00	@	8 00
Jersey, ₹ bbl	6 00	@	7 00

HOPS.

State—1897, choice, ₹ lb	—	@	19
1896, prime	8½	@	9
Pacific Coast, 1897, choice	—	@	19
Good to prime	16	@	18
Old odds	3	@	5

LIVE POULTRY.

Fowls, ₹ lb	9	@	9½
Chickens, ₹ lb	—	@	8
Roosters, ₹ lb	—	@	6
Turkeys, ₹ lb	—	@	10
Ducks, ₹ pair	40	@	65
Geese, ₹ pair	87	@	1 50
Pigeons, ₹ pair	20	@	25

DRESSED POULTRY.

Turkeys, ₹ lb	10	@	13
Chickens, Phila	10	@	13
Western, dry picked	7½	@	9½
Fowls, State & Penn., ₹ lb	8½	@	9
Western ducks	6	@	9
Geese, Western, ₹ lb	6	@	8½
Squabs, ₹ doz	1 75	@	3 25

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay—Prime, ₹ 100 lb	—	@	75
Clover mixed	45	@	50
Straw—Long rye	35	@	50
Short rye	—	@	—
Oat	—	@	—

VEGETABLES.

Potatoes, Jersey, ₹ bbl	2 00	@	2 25
L. I., in bulk	2 50	@	2 75
Sweet, ₹ bbl	2 50	@	4 25
Cabbages, ₹ 100	2 00	@	3 50
Onions, white, ₹ bbl	3 00	@	6 50
Red, ₹ bbl	2 00	@	3 00
Green peas, Va., ₹ basket	1 00	@	1 75
Egg plant, ₹ bbl	5 00	@	7 00
Tomatoes, ₹ carrier	1 00	@	3 00
String beans, ₹ basket	4 00	@	8 00
Squash, ₹ bbl	1 25	@	1 75
Hubbard	1 50	@	1 75
Turnips, Russia, ₹ bbl	60	@	80
Celery, ₹ doz	5	@	50
Carrots, ₹ bbl	1 00	@	1 25
Cauliflower, ₹ bbl	1 75	@	2 25
Beets, ₹ bbl	75	@	1 00
Lettuce, ₹ bbl	3 00	@	6 00
Spinach, ₹ bbl	1 00	@	2 25
Kale, per bbl	50	@	60
Spinach, per bbl	1 00	@	2 00
Brussels sprouts, ₹ qt	5	@	10

GRAIN, ETC.

Flour—Winter Patents	4 80	@	5 25
Spring Patents	5 10	@	5 35
Wheat—No. 1 North N. Y	—	@	—
No. 2 Red	—	@	1 04
Corn—No. 2	—	@	35¾
Oats—No. 2 White	—	@	30
Track mixed	29	@	30
Rye—Western	56	@	57
Barley—Feeding	—	@	38
Lard—City steam	4.70c	@	4.75c

LIVE STOCK.

Beeves, city dressed	7	@	8¼
Milch cows, com. to good	20 00	@	45 00
Calves, city dressed	10½	@	12½
Country dressed	7½	@	11½
Sheep, ₹ 100 lb	3 50	@	4 75
Lambs, ₹ 100 lb	5 50	@	6 15
Hogs—Live, ₹ 100 lb	3 90	@	4 20
Country dressed	4¾	@	6¾

WOLVES IN THE DAKOTAS.

How to Destroy Them a Problem That Is Vexing Two States.

Since the placing of a State bounty on wolves killed in South Dakota it is estimated that no fewer than 10,000 have been killed. The State must pay for these about $30,000. The majority of them are reported from the western and northern parts of the State, although they exist in all parts except those most thickly settled.

Whether the bounty will have the effect of ridding the State of wolves remains to be seen. It has been the experience of counties that have tried the bounty scheme that the number of wolves remains always about the same. But now that there is a general bounty and hunters in all counties are after wolves the bounty may be effective.

South Dakota pays no bounty on wolves, and it has been a difficult problem there to kill them. But ranchmen are now breeding a dog which they think may be able to catch and kill the wolves. It is a cross between a Russian wolf hound and a stag hound.

All kinds of stock are destroyed by the wolves. They are as likely to drag down full-grown cattle and horses as the are to attack smaller animals. They do the greatest damage, however, among the colts and the calves.

General wolf hunts have been tried, but have not proved effective. The wolves are hard to catch, and their sense of impending danger is so great that they are away from their usual haunts long before the hunters reach them. When driven from one locality they go to another range, and cause havoc and destruction by their overwhelming numbers.

The only solution now seems to be in the breeding of a race of dogs that will prey upon the wolves constantly. The man who can devise some means for the extermination of the wolves in North Dakota can make a fortune.

Gold Production in the West.

The annual report of Wells, Fargo & Co of precious metals produced in the States and Territories west of the Missouri River (including British Columbia) during 1897 shows in the aggregate: Gold, $69,830 597 silver, $37,184,054; copper, $36,645,694; lead $9,776,144. Total gross result, $153,435,469

Will Christen With Water.

It is announced that Miss Christine Bradley, when she names the battleship Kentucky, will not break a bottle of wine or whisky, but will use instead water from a spring on the farm where Abraham Lincoln was born.

Newsy Gleanings.

Plague riots have broken out in India.

Jacobites celebrated the anniversary of the execution of King Charles I in London.

The gold reserve now exceeds the sum of one hundred and sixty millions.

Dade County, Florida, will export this winter 100,000 crates of tomatoes.

It is announced that velvet is soon to be made in the United States for the first time.

The Government, it is said, is contemplating the establishment of a factory for making smokeless powder.

Secretary Bliss has recommended to Congress that an appropriation of $30,000 be made to continue litigation on the Navajo Indian reservations in Arizona and New Mexico.

Charles G. Kaiser, convicted of the murder of his wife, at Morristown, Penn., has confessed. He says his accomplice, Clemmer, fired the fatal shot.

The new British battle-ship Implacable is to cost over $5,000,000, the largest sum ever spent on the building of a man-of-war. The armor plates alone will cost $750,000, and the guns nearly as much.

Samuel Dunham, a statistical expert of the Bureau of Labor considers the situation in the Klondike grave, but not desperate. Two thousand tons of freight were landed at Dawson last season for 5000 people.

An attempt to enforce an old law prohibiting the caging of redbirds and other wild songsters has set police and people by the ears in Louisville, Ky., and an appeal for relief has been made to the Legislature.

ANNUAL POULTRY SHOW.

Exhibition of High-Bred Fowls and Pets in New York City.

BUFF PLYMOUTHS THE FAVORITES

Widespread Interest in the Event—More Than 6500 Exhibits Invite Inspection in Madison Square Garden—Cats, Prairie Dogs and Gilded Weathercocks Also Are to Be Seen and Heard.

NEW YORK CITY (Special).—The ninth annual exhibition of the New York Poultry and Pigeon Association opened at Madison Square Garden Monday. Rooster called to rooster across the big amphitheatre, exchanging the top of the morning and the rest of the day with quacking ducks, cooing pigeons and gobbling turkeys.

SILVER WYANDOTTES.

There are about 6500 birds in this exhibit, including gilded weathercocks and cats, who come in the class of pet stock. The number of rabbits is about the same and the show will present substantially the same characteristics as that of last year, except that, in response to a popular request, breeding yards containing five birds each, have been placed in the centre aisle, and fantails and fancy birds have been displayed in large open cages.

Of course, there is always a new candidate for popular favor. This year it is the buff Plymouth Rock. This breed was first shown three years ago, and now, as one of the officers said, bids fair to oust the dear, old, barred Plymouth Rock.

A stranger going into the show for the first time will wonder why some exhibits in hair and fur came to be mixed with those

WHITE COCHINS.

in feathers. In decorated cages there are cats which lie on furtive paws and craftily eye the crowers and cacklers, thinking what a feast they'd have if they could only get free. There are rats and mice, not in trap.

There are rabbits, English hares with long lady-finger ears and prairie dogs, and there are weird variations on guinea pigs, mop-like little balls, which display ingenuity in inbreeding and crossing.

This is the pet stock class. The association has always made a feature of it, and premiums are awarded in it just as in the legitimate. The class includes, besides the animals already mentioned, songbirds, Japanese rabbits and horned owls.

The good old standbys are there; the poultry, the names and appearance of which are familiar even to those who most often see them with their feathers off and their toes turned up. Brahmas, Cochins, Big Langshans, Leghorns, little Bantams and Dorkings. There are fierce games, standard, pit and Indians, with long, sharp spurs and a disposition to fight without signing articles.

The pigeons make one of the most interesting departments in the show. The classes of pouters and carriers are the largest, having 122 birds in them. Besides these there are all sorts of tumblers, Jacobines, magpies, owls, trumpeters, frills, turbits, nuns and archangels.

Over $7000 will be awarded in prizes, some of which will go to contestants for special prizes. Some of these prizes are offered by individuals, in addition to the association premiums. Others are given by different clubs within the association and can only be competed for by members of those clubs.

In addition to the exhibit of fowls in the arena, there is a display of poultry foods and supplies in a side room. There are ten different kinds of incubators there, fifteen different sorts of brooders, roofing for houses, wire screens, medicated eggs, roup pills, manna, meal and water fountains.

A large number of the exhibits in this room come from New England. One of the valuable novelties is an egg carrier, for transporting eggs without damage.

Captain Charles M. Griffing, treasurer of the association, said: "This show represents the work of two kinds of exhibitors, the practical poultry raisers and those who breed for pleasure. You may get some idea of the interest the show arouses by the extent of the territory which we draw on for exhibitors. They come or send from as far south as Carolina, as far west as Colorado, and on the north up into Ontario, Canada. Our premiums are open to the competition of the world."

Turley to Be Senator.

The Democratic caucus of the General Assembly completed its work at Nashville, nominating Senator Thomas B. Turley, of Memphis, for United States Senator from Tennessee. The nomination was made on the first ballot of the evening, the 145th, and the vote stood: Turley, 46; Congressman McMillin, 43; Governor Taylor, 1.

Attorney-General Griggs.

John W. Griggs, who was sworn in at the White House Tuesday evening as Attorney General of the United States by his predecessor, Mr. Justice McKenna, attended the Cabinet meeting next morning for the first time. Attorney-General Griggs was the first to arrive, and was warmly greeted by the President and later by his colleagues in the Cabinet.

Spain is Peaceful.

On the departure for the United States of the Vizcaya from Spain the Admiral told the crew that they were charged with a peaceful mission.

An Indiana Boy Already the Victim of Two Divorces.

Benson Eggers, of North Salem, Ind. will not be eighteen years old until next summer, but he has been married three times. In 1895 he was married to a young woman named Brown, who lived with him six months and then got a divorce and $250 alimony on grounds of cruel treatment.

Two months later he was married to a fifteen-year-old girl, who left him after two weeks and filed application for divorce last week on the same grounds as did his former wife. Ten days before the filing of the last divorce Eggers was married to Ethel May Harris. He said that his second wife was dead. She is sixteen years old.

The Currency Issue.

Speaker Reed and other Republican leaders have determined that the defeat of the Teller resolution shall complete the record of the session on the currency issue. No comprehensive bills for currency revision will be considered.

Friends of Hawaii Confident.

Friends of the Hawaiian Annexation Treaty are confident of securing the sixty votes in the Senate necessary for ratification.

A Cruiser For Cuba.

Orders have been issued to the United States cruiser Montgomery to pay friendly visits to the smaller Cuban ports.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Washington Items.

The United States cruiser Montgomery has been ordered to visit several ports in Cuba.

A delegation of business men called on President McKinley to urge the creation of a Department of Commerce and Industries.

General Merriam has assigned Major Bucker, Fourth Cavalry, to command the Klondike relief expedition, and to take temporary station at Dyea, where 12,000 complete rations will be sent him.

The President sent the following nominations to the Senate: George M. Bowers, of West Virginia, to be Commissioner of Fish and Fisheries; David Klug, Collector of Customs for the District of Natchez, Miss.

An elaborate dinner in honor of President Dole, of Hawaii, was given at the White House.

Rear Admiral Lester A. Beardslee has been retired.

The report of Captain P. H. Ray to the War Department shows that the situation in Alaska and the Klondike region is worse than was suspected. Congress will be advised as to the facts in order that adequate measures of relief may be provided.

The armored cruiser Brooklyn, now fitting out at New York, has been ordered to make a cruise through the West Indies, especially among the Windward Islands.

The training-ship Mohican has been ordered to visit Samoa, the Administration desiring to show the American flag there again.

Information has been received by the War Department that its representative took possession of stores in Dawson last month, and issued them to the people.

General Merriam has decided to land the entire Klondike relief expedition at Dyea and send it over the Chilkoot Pass. He will go probably as far as the pass himself to direct operations. A larger expedition, he thinks, will be needed next year.

The Senate passed the Army and the Legislative, Executive and Judicial Appropriation bills. In the latter bill provision was made for veterans, the Commissioner of Pensions being ordered to favor them in reducing his force of employes.

Domestic.

Sarah Whearton, sixty-five, and her daughter Marion, twenty, have inhabited a one-and-a-half-story frame dwelling at Point Breeze, Penn., for several years. The structure caught fire Wednesday night. It is supposed, from a lamp, and both women were burned to death.

Frank S. Wright shot and killed himself at Chicago, when imprisonment for confessed embezzlement stared him in the face. He had been married less than three weeks and had borne a good reputation. Wright was collector for the F. P. Collier Publishing Company.

The trial of the boy, Clarence Doyle, for the killing of Amos Haviland ended at Trenton, N. J., in a verdict of guilty of murder in the second degree, coupled with a strong recommendation for mercy.

Patrolman Vaughn, of New York City, shot John Lawler, a prisoner who was trying to escape from him. Vaughn was held in $2000 bail and was suspended from duty pending result of the case.

The Rev. J. A. Thome, of Loda, Ill., has resigned the pastorate of the Congregational Church there to become a conductor of an Illinois Central Pullman car.

At the meeting of the congregation of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church, New York City, Dr. John Hall was re-established as the head of the pastorate. There was not a dissenting voice, but some members of the session, disgruntled, resigned.

At Naugatuck, Conn., the reclaiming plant of the United States Rubber Company was burned. The loss is upward of $700,000. The building was of brick, four stories in height, and about seventy-five feet wide and 400 long. It was the largest reclaiming plant in the country and was considered practically fire-proof.

By a vote of 13 to 10 the Common Council of Trenton, N. J., fixed $1 a thousand feet as the price to be charged for gas by the new company, a charter for which was applied for by William L. Elkins, Jr., of the United Gas Company of Philadelphia, Mayor Sickel, and a dozen Trentonians some time ago.

At Indianapolis, Ind., the Odd Fellows' Mutual Aid Association voted to go out of business. Its assets amount to $3.30 and its liabilities to $100,000, consisting of unpaid death claims. The association was formed twenty-eight years ago by men prominently connected with the Odd Fellows, but it never had any official connection with the order.

Miss Ida Hancock, a blind girl of Brooklyn, trusted in Christian Science to cure her of an illness and is dead.

The Republican Congressional Convention of the Fourth Indiana District at Greensburg declared in favor of the single gold standard.

Thomas L. Thompson, ex-United States Minister to Brazil, committed suicide in Santa Rosa, Cal.

The prices of California wines have been cut until it is declared that the producers are threatened with ruin.

The fourteenth annual report of the New York Civil Service Commission has been filed with the Civil Service Board at Albany. It shows that no radical changes in the conduct of the examinations have been made since the new law went into effect.

Adam Stal, a Coroner's juror, dropped dead in a Brooklyn police station, where he had been summoned to sit in an inquest.

Miss